Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1869. NUMBER 42.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

SENATE: Bills to Regulate Naturalization Reported—Medical and Surgical History of the War. HOUSE: Bills Reported from Banking and Currency Committee and Passed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13, 1869.

SENATE.

The PRESIDENT presented the credentials of Mr. Fenton, Senator elect from New York.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSON presented the credentials of his successor, Mr. Stockton, Senator elect from New Jersey.

Mr. STEWART introduced a bill to establish uniform rules of naturalization, in the following words:

Be it enacted, &c., That all white persons of foreign birth, not convicted of crime, and who have not participated in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, and who now are or who shall hereafter become permanent residents of the United States, and elect to be citizens thereof, are hereby declared naturalized citizens, and entitled to all the rights and privileges of other citizens of the United States.

Mr. SUMNER said he objected to the word "white" in the bill. [Laughter.]

Mr. CRAGIN offered a resolution directing the Attorney General to inform the Senate whether he had directed the suspension or discontinuance of proceedings against parties prosecuted in New York city for frauds upon the internal revenue, and if so, in what causes and for what reasons, and if compatible to communicate to the Senate his correspondence on the subject with the United States District Attorney at New York. Adopted.

Thursday evening next was set apart for the consideration of matters from the Committee on Postoffices.

Mr. SUMNER moved to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolution granting a pension to Mrs. Lincoln, but Mr. McCREERY objected.

Mr. CORBETT offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Committee on Agriculture to inquire into the expediency of allowing each State to be represented by at least one person in the Agricultural Department, such person to be chosen by the States respectively at their annual fairs.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Committee on Printing, reported the joint resolution directing the printing at the public printing office of five hundred copies of the Medical and Surgical History of the Rebellion.

Mr. FERRY read a letter from the Assistant Surgeon General, setting forth that the manuscript and illustrations of the first volume were ready and could be printed, 5,000 copies at a cost of about $20,000; that two more volumes would be completed, the whole to cost about $100,000; the copies printed at the government printing office to be disposed of under the direction of Congress.

Mr. CONKLING objected to the resolution, because it proposed to do more than the gentleman in charge of the work asked for.

Mr. SUMNER favored the resolution, thinking the work of importance and the expense of comparatively little consequence.

Mr. DAVIS moved to lay aside all other business and to take up his resolution in regard to Representative Butler's noisy and disorderly conduct.

Mr. CHANELER objected and Mr. DAVIS did not press his motion.

The morning hour having expired, Mr. SHERMAN moved to proceed to the consideration of the currency bill.

Mr. CHANDLER hoped the Senate would stand by the unfinished business of yesterday, the river and harbor bill, until it should be disposed of.

Mr. SHERMAN said his understanding was the river and harbor bill was to be considered at the evening session.

Mr. CHANDLER said the Senate was tired of the discussion of the currency bill.

Mr. Sherman's motion was lost—yeas 19, nays 30, and the Senate resumed the consideration of the river and harbor bill. The pending amendment was to strike out the third section appropriating $450,000 towards completing the Louisville and Portland canal, on condition that Kentucky shall cede her sight to said canal to the United States.

Messrs. Willey, Morton and Sherman, opposed the amendment, insisting that the appropriation was imperatively required by the interests of commerce, and would only put the general government in the same relation to the commerce of the Ohio that it already occupied to the commerce of the Mississippi and other rivers.

Messrs. Frelinghuysen, Fessenden and Morrill, (Me.) advocated the amendment, which was finally rejected—yeas 22, nays 32.

The last amendment reported by the Committee, to strike out the section authorizing the Secretary of War to make surveys at points in various parts of the country, with a view to recommending such improvements as the interest of navigation required, was rejected, and the section retained, by 23 yeas to 23 nays.

On motion of Mr. MORRILL, the bill with the amendments, was recommitted for further consideration by the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. ROBERTSON introduced a joint resolution proposing the following Constitutional amendment:

ART. 17. The Congress shall have power to establish a tribunal for the purpose of considering and determining all questions which may arise as to the validity of the Electoral vote of any State for President and Vice President of the United States, which said tribunal shall exercise its jurisdiction under such regulation as Congress shall make.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN, from Committee on Judiciary, reported a substitute for the bill to regulate the proceedings for naturalization of aliens, introduced by him December 7th. The substitute provides that the declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States, shall be made, taken and had before the Judges of the United States Circuit and District Courts, the Courts of the Territorial Districts of the United States the higher Court of the District of Columbia, having common law jurisdiction, or before registers in bankruptcy now or hereafter to be appointed, who shall be ex-officio Commissioners of Naturalization, and not before any other Court or tribunal, but the declaration of intent and oath may be made before the Clerks of said Courts. Aliens are required, one month before applying for naturalization, to file with the clerk of said Courts, or with a Commissioner of Naturalization, a notice that he intends to apply, which notice shall state with great minuteness particulars of residence, name, age, occupation, nationality, personal appearance, &c., together with a full description of the Court or Commissioner with whom the respective declarations were filed. The Commissioner or Clerk of the Court shall note upon the notice the date of its receipt, and shall keep the same on file, subject to public inspection, and shall give copies thereof whenever required. Prior to admission to citizenship every alien shall make oath and furnish a witness to the fact of a residence of four years and six months in the United States and one year in the State or Territory where such application is made next prior thereto. Any person may file with the Commissioner or Clerk an affidavit that he believes such alien's application is fraudulent and that he intends to contest the same, and such contested cases shall be heard in Court and decided separately.

The substitute also provides that the declaration of intention may be filed one year and six months, instead of two years, before making the application to be naturalized, but adjudication admitting an alien to the rights of citizenship shall be made and entered on record, and the certificate of naturalization founded thereon be issued six months before such adjudication of certificate shall be effective. It is made the duty of the Secretary of State to furnish to Courts blank certificates of naturalization, in conformity to the foregoing provisions, printed on paper so manufactured and stamped as to guard against frauds, and certificates and accounts of the number so furnished and received shall be kept by the department, and the Judges and Commissioners. Certificates of naturalization issued within one year prior to the passage of the bill must be endorsed and approved by the Courts and Commissioners now authorized to issue naturalization papers, or they shall have no validity, and this approval shall be given only on evidence that such certificates were not obtained by fraud. Certificates issued more than a year prior to the enactment of the bill may also be presented for endorsement and approval in the same manner, otherwise the question of their validity may be raised when they are presented for use. The judges and inspectors of elections are required to stamp and endorse the word "used," with the date when a certificate is presented and used, and the word "rejected" if it be not received. A provision is made for annulling such rejected certificates by a proper Court of the same district upon evidence of fraud. Other sections authorize and regulate proceedings for annulling fraudulent certificates, which may be required to be produced on suspicion, and prescribe punishments of fine and imprisonment for issuing and receiving fraudulent or forged certificates, ranging from six months to three years and not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. PAINE moved to dispense with the morning hour, so as to take up the political disabilities bill. After discussion, rejected.

The House proceeded to the business of the morning hour, the call of Committees for reports of a private nature.

The bill for the relief of Knott & Co., American merchants doing business in China, was passed.

The bill to pay Leonard Pierce, Jr., late United States Consul at Matamoras, $1,843 in gold, for expenditures made by him from the 12th of March, 1862, to the 30th of November, 1864, in aiding Union soldiers and refugees fleeing from Texas, was passed.

The morning hour having expired, Mr. BROOMALL, from the Committee on Public Expenditures, made a report in the case of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s contract for carrying the mails between the terminus of the Pacific Railroad Company. It exempts the Postoffice Department from all blame, and reports that the difficulty originated in an act of Congress, which threw about four hundred per cent. more mail matter on the route in question than the bids had been made for, and that the Postmaster General did the best he could under the circumstances. The report was recommitted and ordered to be printed.

Mr. CLARK, of Kan., offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for immediate information why certain trust lands of the Sac and Fox Indians had not been offered for sale, as contemplated by the treaty of 14th of October, 1868.

Mr. HOOPER, from Committee on Banking and Currency, reported the bill regulating reports of national banking associations.

After discussion and amendment the bill was passed.

The following are its provisions: That every National Banking Association shall make to the Comptroller, on the first Monday of every month, a report exhibiting in detail and under appropriate heads the resources and liabilities of the Association before the commencement of business on the morning of the day aforesaid, and shall transmit the same to the Comptroller of the Currency within five days thereafter, and such report shall be in the manner and form provided by the Comptroller, verified by oath or affidavit of the President and Cashier of each Association, and by either one of them, and two of the Directors, and shall be in lieu of the quarterly reports and monthly statements required by the thirty-fourth section of the national currency act, approved June 3d, 1864. The returns of each Association on the first Monday of January and July shall be verified by oath or affirmation of the President or Cashier and attested by the signature of at least three of the Directors, certifying they have personally examined the resources and liabilities of the Association, as set forth in said report, and have found the same to be correct; and such report for January and July shall contain a statement of the gross earnings and profits of the previous six months, and be published in a newspaper where such Association is established at the expense of the Association making the same, and if there be no newspaper published at such place, then in some newspaper to be designated by the Comptroller of Currency within the county or State where such Association is located; and every banking Association shall make and transmit to the Comptroller of Currency a special report as aforesaid of its condition on any day specified whenever required by the Comptroller of Currency. Any Association failing to make and transmit such monthly or other report shall be subject to a penalty of $100 for each day after five days that such bank shall delay to make and transmit any reports as aforesaid, and in case any Association shall delay or refuse to pay the penalty herein stated, the same shall be assessed by the Comptroller of Currency, and the amount of such penalty may be retained by the Treasurer of the United States, upon the order of the Comptroller of Currency, out of the interest as it may become due to the Association of bonds deposited with him to secure circulation, and all sums of money collected as penalties under this act shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

Mr. HOOPER, from the same Committee, reported a bill prohibiting National Banks certifying checks when they have not deposits of parties covering the amount certified. Passed.

Mr. BARNES, from same Committee, reported a bill to prevent National Banks loaning money on United States or National Bank notes as collateral security.

Mr. BARNES explained the object of the bill, which is to prevent the loaning of money, and thus making a corner in the money market.

After some discussion and alteration of verbiage, the bill passed.

Mr. JUDD, from the same Committee, reported a bill to regulate the method of converting gold into currency. He said a bill had been reported last Saturday from the Committee on Ways and Means, containing two of the sections of his bill and two additional provisions, and he was willing to have that bill called up instead of his own.

That being agreed to, Mr. HOOPER called up the bill reported by him to prohibit the further increase of the public debt. [The bill appeared in the GAZETTE of Monday last.]

On motion of Mr. JUDD the following section was added: SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act, all sales of gold on account of the United States shall be made at public action by a proper officer of the Treasury Department, after giving three days public notice of time and place where such sales shall be made by advertising the same for at least three days.

Mr. JUDD stated he found from the report of the Secretary of the Treasury that $263,031 had been paid by the Government as commission for the sale of gold and silver since it first commenced to sell.

The bill as amended was passed.

Mr. POMEROY, from same Committee, reported back the Senate bill supplement to the national banking bill of June 3d, 1864, with various amendments.

Mr. GRISWOLD, the amendments having been read, submitted that as they were important and intricate, and were not printed, the House should not be called upon to dispose of them without seeing them in print.

Mr. POMEROY said he would submit to the proposition, but would first state the objects of the amendments. The first section of the Senate bill was confined entirely to the provision of section forty-five of the present banking act, relating to depositories of public money, and made it a penal offense for any officer of a bank to offer a consideration for procuring deposits of public money, and for any public officer to accept such consideration. The second section of the Senate bill was an amendment to section forty-second of the present act, relating to the liquidation of banking associations. The fourth section provides for sealing the existing banking associations, in order to provide twenty-four millions of currency to be distributed, one-half among the Southern States and the other half among the Western States and Territories, that have not received their proper share.

Mr. BUTLER critised the provisions of the sections relating to the liquidation of banks that are to be wound up, and opposed the provision that bonds on deposit are to be sold for the redemption of outstanding currency and greenbacks substituted for the bonds as security.

Mr. HIGBY observed there was no profit in discussing the bill now, when it was not printed, and suggested the bill be re-committed and ordered printed.

Without disposing of the bill, which was ordered printed, the House took a recess, the evening session to be for general debate.

Matters in Louisiana.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, February 13.—The State Treasurer's report shows an excess of expenditures above receipts of 1868 of $336,000.

The appeal taken from Judge Collins' decision of the unconstitutionality of the one per cent. tax comes up in the Supreme Court on Tuesday.

The Senate bill enforcing the thirteenth article of the Constitution, known as the civil equality section, was postponed in the House. It will come up to-day for final action. It causes considerable excitement in the city.

Full particulars of the loss of the steamer Millie Stephens, in the Red River, show a large proportion of the lost were women and children. The fire originated in government hay that formed part of the cargo. There was only four thousand dollars insurance on the steamer.

A resolution was adopted in the Senate, and sent to the House yesterday for concurrence, instructing the warrant clerk to draw warrants on the Auditor to sell in open market and with the proceeds defray the expenses of legislation; also instructing him to draw warrants in favor of the members for fifteen cents additional to the amount of per diem and mileage, to re-emburse them for losses sustained in discounting the warrants.

Tennessee Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, February 13.—The House of Representatives to-day adopted a resolution of the Investigating Committee, declaring Speaker Richards innocent of the charge of bribery and corruption in the School Fund matter, by a decided majority. The Speaker resumed the Chair amid the congratulations of his friends, and made a brief speech, which elicited much applause.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

President and Vice President Elect Formally Notified—The Cabinet Not to be Announced Until After Inauguration—Sanford Conover Pardoned—Caleb Cushing's Mission—Veto Message.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, February 13, 1869.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION TO THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT ELECT.

This morning, at half past ten o'clock, Senater Morton and Representatives Pruyn and Wilson, of Iowa, made their appearance at headquarters of the army for the purpose of presenting to General Grant a certificate of his election as President of the United States. Senator Morton addressed the President elect, announcing that they were the committee appointed by Congress to present him with his commission as President of the United States for four years, commencing on the fourth of March next, and in a few remarks assured the General that his election was extremely gratifying to his countrymen, and that the people felt assured he would, in exercising the duties of his distinguished office, apply the same energy, integrity and patriotism that had characterized him in a higher sphere of usefulness, and in concluding his remarks, said he would have the support of the people of the nation, even including those who differed politically from him, in administering the affairs of the Government.

In receiving the certificate of election from Senator Morton, General Grant said in accepting the office of President of the United States he assured them of his determination to carry out faithfully the obligations of that office, and referred particularly to the necessities for an honest and faithful execution of the revenue laws. He would call around him those who would earnestly carry out the principles of economy, retrenchment and honesty, which were desired by the people of the country. Should officers of the different branches of the Government service not satisfy him in the discharge of their official duties, he would not hesitate a moment about removing them, and would do so just as quickly with his appointments as with those of his predecessor.

General Grant stated he had not announced his Cabinet up to the time of the official declaration of the result of the election, but intended at that period to make known the names of those whom he would invite to become members. In the interval, however, he had concluded not to make known the names of gentlemen whose services he would be glad to have in this respect, even to the gentlemen themselves, till he sent them into the Senate for confirmation. The reason for this determination, General Grant said, was because of the fact that should he do so a pressure would be immediately commenced from various parties to endeavor to induce him to change his determination; not so much probably from the fact that opposition would be made from personal motives, but on account of the interest which gentlemen may have for their own friends. For these, and other reasons, he had concluded to make no public announcement of his Cabinet till the time mentioned.

General Grant spoke without any reserve and with the greatest frankness and courtesy, and his remarks were received by his distinguished visitors with every mark of interest and approbation.

Afterwards Mr. Pruyn, of the Committee, addressed the General very briefly, to the effect that while the party with which he was identified differed politically from the President elect, he desired to assure him his administration, in carrying out the principles which he had mentioned, would have their hearty support and co-operation.

The speeches were delivered more in a conversational than in a formal, set manner, and the occasion was one of quiet and most intense interest. Members of General Grant's staff were present. About twenty gentlemen were present altogether, including the Committee and staff officers.

The Committee, after leaving General Grant's headquarters, proceeded to the Capitol and waited upon Speaker Colfax in his reception room and presented him with a certificate of his election as Vice President, signed by the President of the Senate, and then severally congratulated him, to which expressions he responded as follows:

"Gentlemen, please convey to the Houses of Congress my acceptance of the office to which I have been elected by the people of the United States, and assure them I shall endeavor to prove worthy of this mark of confidence, by fidelity to principle and duty."

The Committee then withdrew.

A VETO.

The President has sent the following message to the Senate:

To the Senate of the United States: The bill entitled "an act transferring the duties of trustees of the colored schools of Washington and Georgetown," is herewith returned to the Senate, in which House it originated, without my approval.

The accompanying paper exhibits the fact that the legislation which the bill proposes is contrary to the wishes of the colored residents of Washington and of Georgetown, and that they prefer the schools for their children should be under the management of the trustees selected by the Secretary of the Interior, whose term of office is for four years, than subject them to the control of boards whose term of office depends merely on political considerations, and may be annually affected by elections which take place in the two cities. The colored people of Washington and Georgetown are at present not represented by a person of their own race in either of the boards of trustees of the public schools appointed by the municipal authorities. Of the trustees, however, who, under the act of July 11th, 1862, composed the board of trustees of the school for colored children, two are persons of color.

The resolutions transmitted herewith show that they have performed their trust in a manner entirely satisfactory to the colored people of the two cities, and no good reason is known to the Executive why the duties which now devolve upon them shall be transferred as proposed in the bill. With these brief suggestions the bill is respectfully returned, and the consideration of Congres invited to the accompanying preamble and resolutions.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

Washington, February 13th, 1869.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

President Johnson has purchased a large estate in East Tennessee.

The number of tickets to the inauguration ball will be limited to two thousand.

General Butler attributes the defeat of his resolution to the members being fearful of incurring the displeasure of Messrs. Wade and Colfax.

The President of the United States has accepted the office of arbitrator upon the boundary question which has arisen between Great Britain and Portugal on the coast of Africa.

Late advices from Peru show that the Republics of the Pacific coast have accepted the mediation of the United States in their war with Spain, and a Congress of plenipotentiaries from the beligerents is expected to meet at Washington during the spring.

The newspaper report of Caleb Cushing's successful mission to Bogota, in relation to the Isthmus Canal, is confirmed by the following telegram:

"*To Hon. Wm. H. Seward*—Please expect me with treaty, to-morrow.

CALEB CUSHING."

President Johnson on Thursday issued a pardon to Sanford Conover *alias* Chas. A. Dunham, convicted of perjury at the December term of the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the Albany, New York, Penitentiary.

The Serana Islands, in the Caribbean sea, valuable for the immense deposits of guano contained thereon, have been fully recognized by the United States Government as United States territory and belonging to citizens thereof.

The friends of Gen. Sherman have purchased the residence now occupied by Gen. Grant, for $65,000, and intend presenting it to him when he is made General-in-Chief.

The President to-day nominated Louis Dent to be Minister to Chili, in place of Gen. Kilpatrick. Judge Dent is a resident of Washington, and brother of Gen. Grant's wife. As he was not an applicant for the place, he expresses much surprise at the nomination.

Speaker Colfax entertained at dinner this evening Gen. Grant, Senator Conkling and Representatives Wilson, of Iowa, Boutwell, Dawes and Blaine.

PROTEST ENTERED.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company having applied for an advance of bonds on that part of the route lying between Monument Point and Oydice, a protest has been entered with the Secretary of the Interior by the President of the Pacific Railroad Company against such advance, on the ground that the Union Pacific Company is constructing a road on that part of the route and will very soon apply for the bonds authorized by law on the completed work.

INAUGURATION ARRANGEMENTS.

General Webb, Grand Marshal, is perfecting his arrangements for the inauguration procession on the fourth of March, which promises to be one of the most imposing pageants ever witnessed in this country. Associations desirous of appearing in the procession should report at once to General A. S. Webb, Grand Marshal, or N. P. Chipman, Chairman of the Committee on Procession.

CANADA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTREAL, February 13. — Mayor Workman has been re-elected.

M'Donald, the Connecticut forger, is to be extradited.

TORONTO, February 13.—The transfer of lands by the Hudson Bay Company is regarded now as certain, they having conceded the important points required by the negotiations for Canada. The arrangements will probably be completed by the present Parliament, which will bring the whole Northwest under the Dominion Government in three months. The Newfoundland Assembly to-day voted on the question of adhesion to the Dominion.

The body of Whalen was buried in the jail last night. No excitement.

—Mail boxes have been missed between St. Louis and Cairo for more than a year past, and detectives have been working up the case for some time. It was finally ascertained that the robberies were committed at Odin, Illinois, the connecting point between the Ohio & Mississippi and Illinois Central Railroad. On Friday night officers were there and while the mail was being transferred from one train to another, three men appeared and undertook to carry off some boxes. The officers sprang on them, but two of them made their escape and the other was shot twice before he could be secured. The men who escaped were subsequently arrested and proved to be brothers named Alsop, aged twenty and twenty-three years. They are now in jail at Odin. The wounded man's name is Howell. He was a guerilla during the war and a man of desperate character. The people of Odin were strongly disposed to lynch him, but when he was found to be mortally wounded, they desisted.

—The New York *Times* editorially says: "The 'bulls' and 'bears' are having a fiercer fight than since 1866. There is a known short interest of forty millions, and it is surmised the aggregate must be close to double that amount, while free mention is made in the gold room of four brokers who are daily borrowers of twelve millions in gold. A powerful clique, on the other hand, have been buying heavily, and it is nip and tuck between 'bull' and 'bear' just at present, and whichever goes under will be pretty badly submerged."

—Two weeks ago, at Chicago, George Salemmeller was divorced from his wife and the next day married a girl of eighteen. The same day the divorced wife was married by the same Justice to a man of forty-five. A morning or two since, after having slept sixteen hours, Salemmeller awoke to find a sponge strongly saturated with chloroform on his pillow and his wife and two hundred dollars missing. The police are after her.

—During a dense fog two trains on the Northwestern Railroad collided at Glidden, Iowa. Joel Burch, road master, received injuries of which he died some hours afterwards, and four or five employees were seriously injured.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

MADRID, February 14.—The Constituent Cortes organized yesterday by electing Revero President. The Provisional Government continues its efforts to baffle the schemes of the reactionists. Many arrests have been made of members of the Carlist party in this city, and a number of the Carlists have been arrested while trying to cross the frontier from France, with the alleged object of inciting insurrection.

FRANCE.

PARIS, February 13.—A dispatch from Nice mentions the death of Fuad Pacha, the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs and representative of that government at the Conference recently in session here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, February 13.—*Evening*—Consols 93; Five-Twenties 77¾; Erie 25; Illinois 94¼; Atlantic and Great Western 38.

FRANKFORT, February 13. — United States bonds, 81⅜.

PARIS, February 13.—Rentes are firm, at 70f. 40c.

LIVERPOOL, February 13.—Cotton is heavy, and sales were made of middling uplands at 12¼@12¼d, and Orleans at 12⅜@12⅜d. The sales to-day amounted to 7,000 bales. Breadstuffs and Provisions are entirely unaltered. Spirits Petroleum, 8d, and refined at 1s. 10½d.

LONDON, February 13.—Tallow 45s 9d. Sugar firm at 38s. 9d. on spot and 28s. 6d. to arrive.

ANTWERP, February 13.—Petroleum 58¼a59f.

FRANKFORT, February 13—*Evening*.—Five-Twenties higher; last sales at 82.

HAVRE, February 13—*Evening*.—Cotton steady at previous prices.

PARIS, February 14.—Bourse strong. Rentes 70f. 55c.

FRANKFORT, December 14.—Bonds 81⅞@82.

HAVRE, February 14.—Cotton; tres ordinaire is quoted at 140f. per cwt. on the spot.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Jared Davis, a peddler on the cars in New Hampshire, was held for trial on Saturday, charged with robbing the mails.

—Rumor says the missing links in the chain of evidence against Maher, as the Rogers murderer, at New York, have been found.

—One of a family of eleven persons, accidentally poisoned in Brooklyn, N. Y., by the use of arsenic for saleratus by a servant, has died, and some others are in a critical condition.

—Sol. Smith, who was famous as a theatrical manager and actor a quarter of a century ago, but who has practiced law in St. Louis for twenty years, died on Sunday of congestion of the brain.

—Cottrell & Dickey, an elevator firm at Cleveland, Ohio, have failed, with liabilities of two hundred thousand and assets of fifty thousand dollars. It was rumored they were arrested on Saturday night.

—Vague reports have reached Charleston, S. C., of the mysterious embarkation at various ports on the Georgia and Florida coasts of parties partly composed of Cubans. It is supposed that these movements are connected with the revolution in Cuba.

—Mr. James Doyle, a well known lawyer of Philadelphia, was found in the street, early Sunday morning, badly wounded in the head. He died in a few minutes after being carried home. No arrests have been made and the case is involved in mystery.

—Norwich, Connecticut, suffered on Saturday night from the most destructive fire known in that city for many years. The block called Apollo Hall and two adjoining buildings were entirely consumed, with most of their contents. Total loss is estimated at $200,000.

—The will of the late banker, Jonathan Burr, who died at Chicago a few days since, is missing. Its contents are not definitely known, though it is believed he left a quarter of a million of dollars to public charities, after remembering his nephews and nieces. Burr was a bachelor.

—Thomas C. Leonard, formerly Treasurer of Shelby county, Tennessee, has been arrested at New York, on the accusation of obtaining over $15,000 on forged vouchers of indebtedness and appropriating the same to his own use. He is held for a requisition from the Governor of Tennessee.

—The Quartermaster General of the Army has just published number seventeen of the Roll of Honor, giving the names of soldiers who died in defense of the American Union interred in National and Public Cemeteries in Kentucky, and at New Albany, Jeffersonville and Madison, Indiana, Lawton, Millen and Andersonville, Georgia. The supplementary list gives 13,573 names of Union soldiers in those localities.

—Mont Diablo and the coast range of mountains in the vicinity of San Francisco are covered with snow. For several days the Central Pacific trains were delayed in the Sierra Nevada mountains by one of the most terrific storms ever known in that region. The snow belt extended over eighty miles, the usual distance being about fifty. The snow sheds withstood the storm, where completed, and furnished full protection to the road.

—In the Kentucky House of Representatives, on Saturday, a resolution was introduced instructing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire into the propriety and expediency of bringing in a bill abolishing all discrimination against the right to testify in the Courts of Kentucky founded on race or color. A motion to lay the resolution on the table was adopted—yeas 45, nays 16. A similar resolution was introduced in the Senate, but adjournment took place before any disposition was made of it.

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, February 14.—Grain market in the afternoon quiet, and prices not materially changed. No. 2 spring Wheat closed steady at $1,16¼ for new. Corn, 58¾c cash. Provisions inactive and prices nearly nominal. Nothing done in the evening.

NASHVILLE, February 12.—Cotton is lower and dull; low middling at 27½c; good to ordinary at 27½c; stock—5,000 bales.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

[From an English Magazine.]

"AFTER MANY DAYS."

"You'll spend Christmas with us?" John Mellish had said to his cousin; and Brian, remembering how very gloomy last Yule-tide had appeared as viewed from the solitude of his chambers, gladly accepted. Brian's exile, if it may be so called, was entirely voluntary. If he had accepted the invitations that poured in, he might have passed his days hunting, shooting or dining; but being of an ambitious turn, and having from his earliest boyhood heard it assested that he would "do something" and attain some position above the ordinary herd, Brian had laid down a course of hard law-reading, to which he had hitherto stuck honestly. Perhaps there was not much merit due to him yet; the plow and furrow may have been as fascinating as the outer world. He had run the gauntlet, it is true, of many of those temptations which most easily beset a man, but he had never been in love; that trial remained, and we shall see how he met it; of firing he had done his share. Law is, we know, at best, dry work, requiring counter excitement now and then; and Brian, being indolent in his amusements, took that which was at hand. But the woman with whom he flirted said he had no heart.

It is written that there is a tide in the affairs of men. This particular tide had not as yet set in upon the even shore of Brian's lite, but the crisis was not far off, and, as is generally the way, fate came concealed by the most innocent of disguises; and so it was, that being in a fair way to become a Q. C., if nothing more, Brian, running against his cousin, John Mellish, in the Strand, was summoned to meet his fate at the "The Cedars," where, a week before Christmas, we found our hero, sitting by the Squire's young wife, but looking with all his eyes at the young face of the wife's younger sister Kate, and trying with all his ears to catch the murmur of her low, soft voice.

"I'll marry that girl, or none," Brian said to himself, as he undressed the night after his arrival and so he repeated still more passionately when, on the footman rousing him the next morning, he became conscious that Kate's gray eyes had been shining upon him in his dreams.

"The hounds meet at the kennel, sir," said the servant, "and master says you'd better be down soon, as he and Miss Kerr are going to ride to cover."

"All right," quoth Brian; and having luckily come provided with breeches and tops, it was not long before he descended to the breakfast room, where he found Kate presiding, and the Squire and a couple of strangers from the other side of the country busy in fortifying against the chances of a long day.

"I've ordered the young chestnut for you, Brian," said John. "I want him shown off, and I am too heavy for the country we'll most likely cross to-day; besides, you handle a horse better than any one I know." Then the conversation turned upon the merits of the horse and the prospect of having a run.

For the first ten minutes after starting Brian had his hands full, and not until the chestnut quieted down had he a fair opportunity of looking at Kate, who, like all pretty women who can really ride, looked better on horseback than anywhere else; and as Brian watched her brightening color, and little figure swaying with every motion of the horse, the remembrance of his chambers came up like a nightmare.

What had green leaves laced with dew-laden gossamers, caroling larks and full-throated robins, to do with dusty folios and blue-lined foolscap? Brian thought it over that night, while the picture was still fresh in his memory, and he thought it over every night, till, as the reader will see, the odds against the Q. C. became longer and longer.

What the riding, dancing and games had left undone, the dressing up of the church and house for Christmas day completed. and by the time the greenery was gathered and hung, Brian knew that "the tide" had set in, and that the full waves were beating down every obstacle in their course.

And yet he had not by word or look betrayed himself to Kate. He was much too deeply in earnest to risk asking too soon. He knew it was life or death, so to speak; and so, though he haunted Kate's steps, people did not see what the truth was, partly because of the mask he wore, and partly because of a very special reason which I shall explain presently.

Christmas was over; some guests left and others came; so that going into the drawing-room one evening, and being rather late, Brian found some ones assembled, enjoying that pleasantest of all times, the gloaming half-hour before dinner. Kate was sitting near the fire, and consequently in the lightest part of the room, and by her side a stranger, not a young man, but old enough to be her father; so Brian stood aside, content to worship his divinity at a distance. Presently she caught his eye, and beckoning him to her, introduced him to General Amberly, who held out his hand, saying:

"I have just been telling Kate that your father and I were comrades in early days, and saw some hard times together with the Duke of York. You have heard him speak of Jessy Amberly?" And then, turning to Kate, he went on. "Jessy was my nickname when I joined; I believe in those days I was considered a pretty boy, and, coming fresh from a mother's care, my ways and wants were different from those of public school men. This young gentleman's father joined the same year, and being bigger and stronger at that time stood by me in more than one way."

"His father is dead, General," whispered Kate, her soft eyes filling,

"Yes, my dear, I know; but the memory of a good man never dies. His father was one of the best of them."

So Brian's heart was at rest, and what was left of it went straight to the outspoken old soldier whose old-fashioned courtesy and chivalrous attention to Kate seemed, in poor Brian's eyes, the greatest charm he possessed.

Two days after this, Brian's visit terminated. As bad luck would have it, Kate had a headache; the last day she neither appeared at dinner, nor yet in the evening. Brian, who had made up his mind to speak out, was down an hour before any one else next morning, but Kate only showed herself when breakfast was half over. So, as time waits for no one, he had to take his departure minus the hoped-for interview, and there was nothing for it but to trust his fate to the past. So after reaching London he wrote a manly, straightforward letter, telling Kate the truth and asking her to be his wife.

In two days the reply came, and Brian's fate was sealed.

"I am deeply grieved," wrote Kate, "more deeply than I can possibly tell you. I thought you knew I was engaged to General Amberly. John should have told you, and I cannot understand how it was you never heard; the fact is so universally known amongst my friends, that I never doubted you knew, and that will, I hope, enable you to forgive me if my conduct has helped to pain you. I showed your letter to the General, and he bids me say that he feels as I do, very, very sorry, and that as your father's friend, you must look upon him as a true friend."

Over and over again Brian read this letter, quietly enough, too; but with the quiet that comes of despair. He saw it all; and there was not a shadow of reproach or blame in his heart against Kate; but the light seemed to go out of his life, and for three weeks Brian tried the old trick of driving away his misery by a life of riot. At the end of three weeks nature gave way, and he was raving with brain fever. Dissipation did not suit him, and, luckily, the stop came before he was utterly lost.

"You must leave London," said the doctor; "quiet is necessary—try a sea voyage."

"I must see her first," thought Brian, "and then I don't care where I go; I shall see what I want to know in her face."

So soon as he could move about, Brian took the morning express, and hiring a gig at First Cross Station, drove over to "The Cedars." Mr. Mellish was out; the mistress was with the baby, but would be down directly. So Brian went into the morning room to wait, and presently, coming from the garden, he saw Kate. She walked up to the house rather slowly; and hidden, as he was behind the curtain, Brian could see without being seen, and his heart grew sick, even while a wild triumph seemed to fill his being; for he saw what he had hoped, even while he dreaded, in Kate's face. She stopped opposite the window, and looked at the dog cart, as if uncertain to whom it belonged, or whether to go on; then suddenly a flush came over her, and she turned quickly down the avenue. Brian had come out of his hiding place, and leant against the window; he was desperate just then.

When Kate was out of sight came the remembrance of where he was, and the certainly that he would have to face Mrs. Mellish. If the thought of this interview had seemed difficult when he first sat down in the room, it became still more hard after seeing Kate, and at last grew so intolerable that Brian turned and bolted, and the dog cart was half way to the station before Mrs. Mellish, who had waited for the nurse to come up from her dinner, deposited the baby in that functionary's arms, and having seen that her hair was straight, descended to speak with Brian, found the bird had flown.

"What could he mean?" she said afterwards, to Kate. And Kate, looking very pale, answered:

'He wanted to see John, perhaps; won't John go up and see him?"

And John, who was one of the most good natured men in the world, went up to town next day, taking Mrs. Mellish with him, and they, having done some shopping, proceeded to Brian's chambers, where they heard the fiat pronounced by the doctor, and learned that Brian, having tired of reading law, meant to try a settler's life in Australia.

"You'll come back to us some day, old fellow?', was the squire's farewell.

"Ay, in ten years I'll spend Christmas Day with you."

"Well, that's a bargain; in ten years we'll lay a knife and fork for you."

Brian laughed bitterly, repeating, "In ten years," and Mrs. Mellish, coming up to him, put her hands upon his shoulders and kissed him, whispering "her blessing to Brian; you are a noble fellow."

She followed her husband down stairs, and taking a cab, they drove to Euston Square.

Kate was sitting by the library fire when they reached home, and very wistfully the girl looked at her elder sister, who said, as she took off her shawl -

"We have seen Brian, Kitty; he is much better, and has been ordered a sea voyage, so he is going to try how Australian air will suit him. He has promised to spend Christmas with us ten years hence. How did baby get along without me?"

Spring came; but the General was not well, and the marriage was put off until Christmas, but when autumn came, the old man was prostrate. He lingered so nearly two years, Kate nursing him, and to her he left his property. Once or twice during his illness, he had asked for news of Brian, and by his request, the squire had written to relation and friends, but no tidings could be obtained.

"He might have had the grace to write," said John, when he told the General the result of his inquiries. But the latter shook his head.

"Nay, John, he is right. 'He that putteth his had to the plough and looketh back, is not meet for the kingdom of heaven.' The poor boy has done well; he will come back in ten years, and when he does, tell him I said so."

When the General's warfare was over, and the old soldier had answered his last muster roll, Kate remained altogether at The Cedars; and, calling herself the old maid of the family, was looked up to with much respect by the rising generation of nephews and nieces. Nor was Kate's money idle; many a wrinkled old face in the village grew anxious when gossip gave out that Miss Kate had another wooer, but when the lover mounted and rode away, and Kate was still Miss Kate, the news spread like sunshine, and the smiles came back again; and Christmas after Christmas brought good cheer and full larders to every home in the little village, a softer glow to Kate's cheek and a brighter smile to Kate's lips.

At last the tenth Christmas was near at hand. The winter was a hard one. Upon the morning of Christmas eve, Kate and the children went forth to gather greenery. Young Ethel, now nearly as tall as Kate herself; Dick upon the sheltie, Tom and Harry armed with knives, big enough to do serious damage to the holly trees.

Amongst them stood Kate; time, in taking away the lightness of girlhood, perfected the maturer beauty of womanhood, and very fair and lovable she looked, as, with her hands full of gleaming holly, she stood in the wintry picture—a picture very much unlike that of a Christmas on the other side of the world, where seasons are turned upside down and Christmas day comes at midsummer. So thought a man who was leaning against the churchyard gate. He had been standing there for some time before the children came down the avenue, and moving a little so as to bring the branches of a tree between him and them, he still stood, until the thud of horses' feet on the snow made him turn, and as the squire trotted up, the men came face to face.

John Mellish reined in his horse, and stared, stooped down in his saddle and grew red as he cried:

"Not Brian!—and yet, by the Lord Harry, it is. Welcome home, old fellow!" As he spoke, the squire had got down from his horse, and was clasping Brian's hands. "Why didn't you write?"

"I'll tell you some day, old friend; let bygones be bygones."

"Right, there; but see, lad, there's something to mark the bygone," and John pointed to the group so busily gathering greenery, but which that instant, catching sight of him, broke up, the boys running forward to meet him, leaving Kate and Ethel alone, up to whom John and his cousin went.

"I have brought the guest of the year, Katie," her brother said, "a a guest come from the other side of the world to keep a tryst made ten years ago; before you were born, Dick; think of that," and taking the sheltie's rein, John ran down the road, calling the other boys to bring his horse.

Katie's eyes had darkened as Brian came towards her, and the holly fell from her hands, so that both were ready to be put in his. Beyond this double shake, the meeting was cold enough to strike Ethel as a very cold way of receiving a friend after being away for ten years; but Ethel, you see, had a great deal to learn yet. They walked up to the house together, and when Brian went to speak to Mrs Mellish, Kate disappeared.

What a dinner that was! Surely some of us have known or shared in the happiness of welcoming one long absent to the home fireside; and, aftea many days of exile by sea and land, of strange adventures, perils and hairbreadth escapes, have felt the heart grow full, as looking down the table past familiar faces, the old face, changed and yet the same, turns to us, and the eyes throw back their answer of affection and faith. So, at least, felt John Mellish, and so, too, felt one true heart not far from John. But it was not until later in the evening, when they were all standing about in the front room listening to the Carol singers, that Brian found an opportunity of saying, in Kate's ear:

"I never loved a woman but you, Kate, and I've been faithful to my love through all these ten hopeless years. May I ask for my wages?"

Kate had no voice to make an audible reply, but a warm hand stole into Brian's and he knew that after many days he had his reward.

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Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 135@135¼.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 13, 1869.

MONEY.

Money active; deamnd dull and easy at 6@7 on call; prime paper, 7@8. The bank statement is unfavorable, and shows contraction in loans and continued outflow of currency to the South and drains into the Treasury in payment of duties, while reserve has decreased $2,250,000. Loans, $264,380,407; decrease, $2,161,325. Specie, $25,875,331; decrease, $3,085,073. Circulation, $34,263,451; increase, $17,075. Net deposits, $19,297,860; decrease, $3,025,049. Legal Tenders, $52,324,952; decrease, $1,089.181. Sterling nominal at 9@9¼. Gold active and firmer; clearances, $101,000,000; opened at 135 and fell to 134⅜, but quickly reached 135¼, touched 135¼, and closed at 135@135¼.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Governments active and higher during the morning, the advance being ⅛@¼ per cent. The London prices leave a difference of 1@1¼ per cent in favor of shipments from this side. Shorts made a strong resistance. The upward movement and part of the advance were lost, the 67's being weakest. The latter feeling against the market closed strong. Coupons of 1881, 114¼@114¾; do.'62, 114¼@114⅝; do. '64, 111¾@111⅝; do. '65, 113⅜; new do., 110½@110¾; do. '67, 110½@110¾; do. '68, 110⅜@110⅞; Ten-Forties, 109¾@109⅞; Pacific 6's, 101¾@101⅞.

The financial bills which passed the House to-day are considered likely to stimula e an upward movement.

State securities are higher. Missouri and Tennessee, 87¾@88; new Tennessee, 66¾@67¼; North Carolina, 61½@61¾; Virginia, 62. Stock market was generally firm during the morning, although business was under the average amount. The largest dealings were in Michigan Southern, Pittsburgh, North Western, New York Central, Pacific Mail, Toledo and Lake Shore, the two latter were noticeably strong, Toledo at 106¾, and Lake Shore, 105¾. It is intimated the New York Legislature is likely to authorize the issue of stock by the Central in lieu of dividend certificates lately issued. In the afternoon the market was weak, and the bank statement caused a general decline of ¼@½ per cent, there was however, no great pressure to sell, and the market closed dull and unsettled.

Five-thirty Prices:—Cumberland, 36¾@37½; Wells Express, 28@29; American, 46½; Adams, 66¾@67; United States, 62¼@62¾; Merchants Union, 18⅞@19¼; Quicksilver, 22½@22¾; Canton, 62¾; Pacific Mail, 114¼; WesternUnion Telegraph, 37½@37⅝; Hartford and Erie, 26¼@28; Mariposa, 8¾@9; do. preferred, 28¾@29; New York Central, 163½@163¾; Erie, 34½@34½; Hudson, 136½@136¾; Reading, 94¾@94¾; Wabash, 66¼; preferred, 77¼@79; St. Paul, 66; do. preferred, 79½@80; Fort Wayne, 118@118¼; Ohio and Mississippi, 35⅝@35¾; Michigan Central, 119½; Michigan Southern, 93¾@94; Illinois Central, 141@142; Pittsburgh, 91¼@92; Toledo, 105¾@106; Rock Island, 131@131¾; Northwestern, 83¾@83¾; do. preferred, 91¾@92; Chicago and Alton, 160.

Mining Shares steady; Gregory, 245; Smith and Parmelee, 210.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Calumet, 50; Copper Falls, 16½; Franklin, 19; Hecla, 70; Hancock, 4¾; Minnesota, 2½; Quincy, 30.

Imports for the week—dry goods $2,057,682; general merchandise $1,887,065. Weeks gold export—$927,833.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $1,091,046; payments, $597,636; balance, $88,040,933.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, February 13.—Cotton dull and ¼c lower, with sales of 1,000 bales at 29¾c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts, 4,068 bbls; without any decided change, and with a moderate business, chiefly in common grades; sales 6,400 bbls at $5,60a5,40 for superfine State and western, $6,75a7,15 for extra State, $6,55a7,45 for extra western, $7,50a8,70 for white wheat extra, $6,75a8,60 for round hoop Ohio, $7,50a8,50 for extra St. Louis, $6,00a12 for go d to choice do.; closing quiet. Rye Flour quiet, with sales of 150 bbls at $5,25a7,35. Corn Meal is steady and heavy, with sales of 250 bbls Brandywine at $4,90. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Wheat; no receipts; dull and a shade lower, with sales of 13,500 bus at $1,61a1,62 for No. 2 spring in store, $1,70a1,71 for No. 1 do. delivered, $2,00 for white California, $1,82 for winter red western. Rye quiet. Barley dull. Barley Malt quiet, with sales of 600 bus at $2,12. Corn; receipts, 16,206 bus; less active and about 1c lower, with sales of 45,500 bus at 91a93c for new mixed western, 94c for western yellow, $1,03a1,03½ for old mixed western in store. Oats; receipts 2,850 bus; dull, with sales of 25,500 bus at 75½a76c for western in store, and 77½c do. afloat. Rice dull. Coffee firm, sales 1,000 bags Rio on private terms. Molasses firm. Petroleum firm at 22½a23c for crude, and 37½a38c for refined bonded. Hops quiet at 15c for American. Linseed Oil steady at $1,03a1,05. Coal quiet. Leather: hemlock sole firm at 30a31c. Wool firm and in fair demand; sales 65,000 pounds at 45a54½c for domestic fleece, 67c picklock, 72½a90c scoured, 30a55c pulled, and 60c for tubbed. Sugar firm; sales 1,000 hhds Cuba at 12½a13¼c, and 600 boxes Havana on private terms. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 57a57½c. Sheeting Copper steady at 33c; ingot quiet at 27c for Lake Superior. Pig Iron quiet at $40a43 for Scotch, and $34a40 for American. Bar quiet at $90a92,50 for refined English and American. Sheet Iron firmer at 11½a13c for Russia. Railroad Iron quiet at 83¾a10c. Nails firm at 5½a5¾c for cut, 6¾a6¾c for clinched, and 27a32c for horse shoe. Pork firm at $32,50a33.00 for new mess, $32 old, $26.50a $27,50 for prime, and $29a31 for prime mess; also 1,250 barrels new mess, seller for March, April and May at $32,50a32,75. Beef is steady, with sales of 140 barrels at $9a16,50 for new plain mess, and $14a 19,50 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef is steady, with sales of 80 tierces at $27a30 for prime mess, and $30a35 for India mess. Beef Hams are quiet, with sales of 115 barrels at $30a34. Cut Meats are quiet and steady, with sales of 30 pkgs at 14a14¼c for shoulders, and 18a18½c for hams. Middles are quiet, with sales of 60 bxs Cumberland cut at 15¾c. Dressed Hogs are steady at $13,50a14,25, chiefly at $13,75a14 for western, and $14,75 a15 for city. Lard is quiet and lower, with sales of 750 tierces at 18 a20c, chiefly at 19¾c for steam, and 20a20¼c for kettle rendered; also 750 tierces steam seller for February and March at 19¾a 20c. Butter is firm at 25a35c for Ohio. Cheese is firmer, at 17a22c. Freights to Liverpool are heavy and declining, with engagements of 40,000 bushels wheat at 3d per sail, and 6d per steam, and 10,000 barrels flour at 1s. 10½da2s. per steam.

Latest.—Flour closed dull and easier for medium and good grades. Wheat very quiet and about 1c lower. Rye nominal at $1,45a1.47 for Western. Oats dull and heavy at 75½c for Western in store. Corn dull at 91a93c for new mixed Western, and $1,03 in store for old do. Pork firm, with sales of 250 bbls new mess at $32,50 regular, closing at $32,50 cash, and $32.50 a32,75 seller April and May. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut Meats quiet and heavy. Bacon dull and drooping. Lard dull at 19¾a19¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet at 23a25c.

CHICAGO, February 13.—Eastern Exchange 1-10 off buying, and 1-10 premium selling. Flour dull and easier for low, and steady for medium and good grades; sales at $5a7 for spring extras. Wheat quiet and ½a¾c lower, ranging at $1,21a 1,24 lor No. 1, and $1,16a1,16¾c for No. 2, closing with buyers of No. 2 at 1,16¾c; sales since change at $1,16¾c. Corn moderately active and ¼a½c lower; sales No. I at 71c, seller, May, No. 2 65a 66c, seller, May, and 65c, seller, last half of April, and new 59c, seller, March; sales new at 58¼a59c, cash, and no grade at 55a55½c, closing at 58¾c for new; unchanged this afternoon. Oats quiet and ¾a1c lower; sales No. 2 at 53¾a54c, and rejected 51c, closing at 53¾c for No. 2; sales No. 2 at 54½c, seller, March, and 53¾c, buyer, next month. Rye dull and one cent lower; sales No. 1 at $1,19. Barley dull at $1,92a1,94 in favorite houses, and $1,87a1,90, seller, the month. Highwines dull and nominal at 93a93½c. Provisions dull. Mess Pork $32a32,25. Lard 19a19¼c. Bulk Meats unchanged. Dressed Hogs dull at $12a12,25 for common, and $12,25a12,50 for good lots of soft, closing dull. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours—6,160 bbls flour, 41,879 bush wheat, 62,160 bush corn, 24,576 bush oats, 3,491 bush rye, 3,500 bush barley. Shipments—7,010 bbls flour, 16,674 bush wheat, 15,635 bush corn, 7,488 bush oats, 6,580 bush rye, 733 bush barley.

ST. LOUIS, February 13.—Tobacco—none offering to develope the character of the market. Cotton—nothing doing. Hemp firm, with sales prime undressed at $1,55. Flour unchanged and quiet, for all grades. Wheat—there is some demand for low and prime fall, but prices are unchanged, with sales low fall at $1,40a1,47, and prime to choice at $1,70a 2,00. Corn inactive and weak, with sales mixed at 70a72c, and white at 74a75. Oats quiet, the demand being chiefly for seed; choice at 70a72c. Barley—there is no demand and nothing doing. Rye firm at $1,30 for choice. Pork quiet at $33a 33,50. Bulk Meats—not much doing; packers fill small orders at 13½c for shoulders, and 16¾c for clear rib sides. Bacon in little demand for present delivery and holders not eager to sell at prices current; in a small way shoulders sold at 14¾c, clear rib sides at 17¾c, and clear sides at 18c. Lard dull and nothing doing; prime can be had at 19a19¼c. Whisky quiet, with small sales at 96c, an extreme. Receipts—3,548 bbls flour, 2,338 bush wheat, 4,102 bush corn, 2888 bush oats, 441 bush rye, 1,370 head hogs.

Hogs in small demand at 10a11c, gross. Beef Cattle quiet, with sales at 3½a7c, gross.

CINCINNATI, February 13.—Flour dull, family $7a7,50. Wheat dull at $1,60a1,70 for No. 2 and red winter. Corn dull at 63c for ear, and 65c for shelled. Oats firm, supply light at 66a67c for No. 1. Rye scarce and firmer at $1,40a1,42 for No. 2. Barley in demand at $2a2,25 for State spring and $2,25a2,30 for Canada, $2,40a245 for fall. Cotton dull, middlings at 29½c. Whisky steady at 95c. Provisions dull and heavy. Mess Pork sold $33; but could not be sold at better than $32,50. Bulk Meats, 12¾c for shoulders, and 15c for sides, indicating a decline of ¾c per pound from the highest point reached. Bacon dull, 14½c for shoulders, 17c for clear rib sides, 15c for clear sides; a small lot of the latter sold at 17½c. Sugar cured hams firm at 19½c. Lard dull and prices nominal at 20c. Sugar firmer and prices tending upwards. Coffee unchanged and quiet. Gold 134½. Exchage dull at 1-10 per cent. discount, buying.

CLEVELAND, February 13.—Flour quiet and unchanged. City made—$11a11,25 for treble extra white; $9,50a9,75 for double extra amber; $8,25a8.50 for double extra red winter; and 7,75a8 for double extra spring. Country made—$7,50a8 for double extra red and amber; $6,50a7,50 for double extra spring. Wheat dull and nominally unchanged; No. 1 red winter $1,66a1,67; No. 2 at $1,54a1,55. Corn more active and closed firm and higher; sales of shelled at 70a71c, and ear on track at 65c. Oats active and firm; sales at 63c for No. 1 State. Rye quiet and steady; held at $1,30a1,32 for No. 1 and $1,25a1,28 for No. 2. Barley quiet but very firm; holders are asking $2,20a2,25 for No. 1 Canada; there is very little inquiry for State and the market is nominal. Petroleum; crude is less firm at $8; refined is steady but quiet, at 34c for standard white and 33c for prime light straw to white in large lots.

NEW YORK, February 12.—*Dry Goods.*—There is little or no change in this department of trade. The demand continues moderate, and prices are generally maintained, notwithstanding the reaction in the price of raw material. Heavy Brown Sheetings steady at 16½a17c, inside rate for Augusta, and the latter for Indian Head, Appleton and Atlantic A; Augusta 7-8 held at 17c; Atlantic L fine sells readily at 14½c, and Bedford R at 16½c. Bleached Muslins steady at 27½c for New York Mills, 18½c for Masonville, and 14c for Booth. Prints in moderate demand at 13a14½c for Amoskeag, Sprague and Merrimac D, and 32½c for Merrimac new chintz cambric. Colored Cottons firm and in moderate inquiry. Woolens quiet and not pressed for sales.

NEW ORLEANS, February 13.—Cotton unsettled, held at 28½a28¾; receipts of 65,064 bales: exports, 4,664 bales. Gold 135½. Exchange 146¾a147. Sugar active and higher, common 10¼a11c; prime, 14¼a14½c; yellow clarified, 11½. Molasses active and higher, prime 75a5c. Flour quiet and firm, superfine, $6,37a 6,50; double extra, $7,25; treble extra, $7,50. Bran declined to $1,15. Hay tends upward, prime, $27,50. Pork dull at $34,50. Bacon shoulders 15½, clear rib sides 18½c, clear sides 19c. Lard quiet, tierce 20½a20¾c, keg 22½a22¾. Whisky steady at $1,00a1,01. Coffee quiet and firm, fair 15a15½c, prime 17a18c.

TOLEDO, February 13.—Flour—choice grades steady, low and medium dull; prices are nominal and tend downward Wheat dull and nominally a shade lower; white Michigan regular opened at $1,69¼ and closed at $1,69; amber, buyer for February, $1,69. Corn is a shade lower and moderately active at 68¼ for new, 69 for rejected, and 71 for yellow. Oats steady and unchanged. Rye steady at $1,30 for No. 1 and $1,29 for Michigan. Barley steady; Canada $2,20. Dressed Hogs dull at 12a13. Clover seed 5c better; sales at $9,30.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 13.—Flour dull and quiet: city XX $5,87a6,37; country do. $5,75a6; X $5,75a6.50. Wheat quiet and lower at $1,19½ for No. 1; $1,19¾ for No. 2. Oats dull and weak at 54c for fresh No. 2. Corn scarce and firm at 60c for rejected. Rye lower at $1,14a1,15 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Provisions dull and unchanged. Hogs unchanged. Receipts —2,000 bbls flour, 2,700 bu wheat, 3,000 bu oats, 2,000 bu corn, 3,000 bu rye, 1,000 bu barley, 109 dead hogs. Shipments—5,000 bbls flour, 1,000 bu wheat, 600 bbls pork.

LOUISVILLE, February 13.—Tobacco—sales 175 hhds lugs to Owens & Co.; leaf at 5¼a18¾c; there were some sales made to Henry & Co. at 22¼c. Cotton at 28½c. Mess Pork at $33. Lard at 20¼c. Bacon —shoulders at 14¾, clear rib sides at 17¾, and clear sides at 18¼c. Bulk Meats—shoulders at 13¾, clear rib sides at 18¾, and clear sides at 17¼c, packed. Flour at $5,75a6,25. Wheat at $1,70a1,73. Corn at 63a65c. Oats at 62a63c. Whisky at 95c.

BUFFALO, February 13.—Flour dull at $6,25a7,00 for city ground. Wheat nominal. Corn in fair demand, sales new at 77a80c on the track. Oats dull; sales 600 bus at 65c in store. Rye nominal at $1,35. Barley $2,10. Seeds firm and unchanged. Pork firm at $33. Lard firm at 21¾c. Highwines nominal at 94c.

PHILADELPHIA, February 13.—Flour very quiet. Wheat; prime scarce at $1,80 a1,90 for red, and $1,10a2,25 for white. Rye $1,55a1,58. Corn in fair demand at 88a90c for yellow. Oats in good demand. Petroleum nominal; crude 28a28½c, and refined 28¾a30c. Provisions; less doing. Whisky nominal at 97ca$1,00.

MEMPHIS, February 13.—Cotton dull and nominal; receipts, 1,235 bales: exports, 3,067 bales. Flour dull; superfine, $6,50a6. Corn, 72c. Oats, 78c. Hay, $25. Bran, 24c. Pork is easier at $34,50. Lard, 21a22½c. Bulk Meats are weak: shoulders, 14c; sides, 17¾c. Dressed Hogs sell at 13c.

CHICAGO, February 13.—Hogs dull and easy at $10a10,50 for common, and $10,75 11,50 for good to choice; receipts 4,026 head; shipments 5,275 head. Beef Cattle dull and easy $4,55a5,75 for cows, and $6,87½a7,25 for good choice shipping steers.

BALTIMORE, February 13.—Flour more active. Wheat firm at $2,25a2,35 for prime red. Corn firm; prime white 93a 94; yellow 92. Oats 70a75. Rye firm at $1,55. Prime Mess Pork quiet at $33,50a 34,00. Bacon and Lard unchanged.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, February 13.—3 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 3 cars iron ore, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 car barley, J M Carson & Co; 3 cars rye, Thos Moore & Son; 1 car rye, Citizens Nat. Bank; 1 car pig iron, Lloyd & Black; 1 car lumber, Slack & Sholes; 1 do do, Hamilton, Algeo & Co; 1 do do, R A Clark & Co; 17 kgs apple butter, P Duff & Son; 13 bxs scales, Fairbanks, Morse & Co; 4 levers, 2 bdls iron, 1 frame, 1 bx iron, J F Keeler; 1 organ, C C Mellor; 14 bbls peas, 2 do oatmeal, 5 bxs farnia, C Reiss; 1 box saws, Hubbard & Bro; 5 kegs, 6 pails apple butter, R Robinson; 24 bxs iron, McKnight & Co; 115 bags rye, W J Meek; 50 bbls apples, 5 do onions, 1 bbl eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 4 bbls tallow; 1 bdl sheep pelts, W Flaceus & Son; 1 bbl dry peaches, 1 sack do, Vangorder & Shepard; 13 coils rope, Godfrey & Clark; 1 half bbl, 1 tub butter, 7 bbls onions, Graff & Reiter; 6 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 17 bbls lard oil, S B Floyd & Co; 3 sks radishes, H Fricker: 1 bbl ware, A Spear; 1 cask ware, J K Brelman; 1 do do, H F Burgerman; 1 do do, M Schwartz; 1 do do, K Hallerback; 1 do do, H H Fark; 1 do do, C Gedekok; 1 bbl sugar, Atwell & Lee; 174 bundles chairs, Bedford Chair Company; 8 kegs oatmeal, L J Blanchard; 5 bbls do, 10 bxs farina, E Heazleton; 1 bbl oatmeal, J Porterfield & Co; 65 sks oats, Meanor & Harper; 12 tcs hams, Jas Lidpincott; 1 bbl copper, 1 kg brass, John Dunlap; 14 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 1 bbl eggs, J J Pettit; 2 bbls eggs, W J Steel & Bro.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, February 13.—100 bbls flour, John Greer & Co; 500 do do, owner; 14 bales broom corn, Z B Taylor; 30 bbls spirits, Hostetter & Smith; 44 boxs nails, Logan, Gregg & Co; 78 bdls, 93 green hides, G N Hoffstott; 17 bales broom corn, E B Mathews; 4 cars wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 1 car rye, Culp & Shepard; 1 car millfeed, Shomaker & Langenheim; 1 do do, Keil & Ritchart; 100 bbls flour, E Heazleton; 3 dressed hogs, 3 kgs lard, 8 bbls tallow, H Rea Jr; 1 car barley, Carson & Co; 2 rolls leather, H E Weimar; 1 car lumber, Nana & Herchenrother; 5 cars limestone, Shenberger & Blair; 22 lugs rye, Dan Wallace; 58 doz brooms, W Cooper & Co; 10 rolls leather, N Patterson; 1 bbl eggs, 1 bag feathers, Wilson & Son; 10 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 1 car corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 2 bbls eggs, 1 pkg butter, W D Cooper; 9 half bbls butter, 5 kgs apple butter, Graff & Reiter; 5 do do, W H Graff & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, February 13.—1 car metal, John Moorhead; 3 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 car grain, 1 car hay, Blany & Moore; 101 sks oats, 90 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 15 sks corn, J P Lane; 1 car metal, Lyon, Shorb & Co; 3 bbls onions, Head & Metzgar; 240 bbls oil, James Wilkins; 520 do do, Owston & Sowers; 160 do do, D M Edgerton; 480 do do, Fisher & Bro; 80 do do, John Munhall; 25 green hides, M Delange; 100 bbls refined oil, Lockhart, Frew & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, February 13.—4 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 1 car lumber, R M Dickey & Son; 1 do do, W Reed; 10 bbls tobacco, Reiter & Wilson; 1 bundle broom corn, W Sedden; 1 car staves, Ralva & Robertson; 2 do do, J M Hemphill; 7 bbls apples, H Henk; 1 box cheese, Mercer & Robertson; 3 pkgs butter, R Scott; 500 pigs lead, Beymer, Bauman & Co; 100 bbls flour, R & A Carson; 2 cars metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, February 13.—1 car metal, Totten & Co; 3 bbls whisk', J Painter & Son; 13 bbls flour, Gay & Welsh; 2 bbls tallow, 2 rolls leather, Wm Flaceus & Son; 20 kegs nails, Martin, Brickell & Co; 32 bbls whisky, Dillinger & Stevenson.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, February 13.—25 bags cloverseed, Gay & Welsh; 15 kgs lard, J P Hanna & Co; 2 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 44 bbls flour, D Wilson; 6 pkgs produce, Haworth & Dewhurst.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was swelling again yesterday with nine feet in the channel by the Monongahela, and nine feet ten inches by the Atlegheny marks. Weather yesterday was cloudy and sultry, with every appearance of rain.

The Julia No. 2, from Zanesville, is due here to-day, and will return again as usual, to-morrow at 4 P. M.

The Emperor, from New Orleans, are among the first boats due. She is commanded by Captain G. W. Dickerson, formerly of the White Rose.

The Kate Putnam, Capt. G. W. Reed, is announced to leave for Nashville and all intermediate points to-morrow.

The Wauanita, Capt. Shuman, will be the first boat out for New Orleans. Capt. J. H. Lightner has charge of the office.

Parties from here are negotiating at Cincinnati for the purchase of the Nightingale.

The new mountain steamer Silver Bow, made a trial trip on Saturday. She is now at the main landing ready to commence business.

Steam will be raised on the Carrie V. Kountz within a day or two.

Captain W. J. Kountz and H. K. Hazlett left for St. Louis on Saturday, by rail.

The Glasgow was to have left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

The Glendale cleared for St. Louis on Saturday afternoon with an excellent trip, about 600 tons of freight, and quite a number of passengers.

The Armenia arrived from New Orleans on Friday night with a fair trip, including a considerable quantity of sugar and molasses. She left New Orleans drawing seven feet, put off considerable at Cincinnati, Portsmouth, Wheeling and Steubenville. She would have reached here much sooner if she had not have been delayed by fog.

The Wild Duck left for St. Louis on Sunday morning with between 900 and 1000 tons on her barges, Swan and Dove, and engagements below.

The Grey Eagle departed for Parkersburg on Saturday with a good trip.

—The C. C. Gray arrived at Louisville on Thursday.

—The Bellevernon was to have left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Friday.

—The steamer Leslie Combs was sold by the United States Marshal at Wheeling, the other day, for $685.

—The Jury, in the Magnolia insurance case, which has been in the Cincinnati Court for the same time, failed to agree.

—A Dayton lady gave birth to three babies on board the Emperor, about a week ago, when the boat was near New Madrid.

—The Emperor left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Thursday with about 300 tons. It is said that she will hereafter ply between Marietta and Cincinnati as a Thursday packet from Cincinnati. Pilots up this trip, Dory Dunn and George O'Neal.

—Among the other acts of the Supervisors' Board, recently held at Washington, they redistricted the Sixth and Seventh Districts, thereby enlarging the boundaries of the Sixth so as to extend the jurisdiction of the local inspectors of Louisville to Carrilton on the Ohio, and also including Kentucky River.

—A fireman of the Emma Floyd, named John Saunders, a German, about thirty years of age, was lost overboard from that steamer on Wednesday night last near Warsaw. He was waked up about twelve o'clock to go on duty, and was not afterward seen. He was a Pittsburgher, and it is supposed has friends residing here.

—A Nashville paper says: The marine scribbler of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says "the Camella is one of line of two boats between Pittsburgh and Nashville, which pass here at very long intervals. The reason for calling these boats a 'line,' we presume, is that both forage along the banks of the river between the same points." Very poor wit, indeed.

—A late Louisville exchange says: The Milbrey, from Cumberland River, with a big load of corn, passed up for Cincinnati. The Tempest departed for Madison yesterday, to be docked and refitted for the mountain trade. The price paid for her was $5,000 cash. She was built in Pittsburgh in 1865, and was originally the Marmora No. 2. During the war she was converted into a gunboat.

—Steamboatmen, second clerks especially, should commit to memory that section of the revenue regulations forbidding the transportation of empty spirit casks from which the stamp has not been removed. The penalty for receiving such articles, though the receiver be acting for the boat on board of which he may be employed, is very severe involving a heavy fine and a term of imprisonment. The law went into effect on the 1st inst.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, February 13.—River rising, with nine feet of water in canal. Weather clear and warm.

ST. LOUIS, February 13.—Weather mild, but wet at half past four this afternoon.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The steamer LORENA, ... Capt. D. SHUMAN, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, 17th inst., at 4 P.M. For freight or passage apply on board or to JNO. FLACK, 97. fe15 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The steamer WAUANITA, ... Capt. THOMAS SHUMAN, Will leave for the above ports on SATURDAY, February 13th. For freight or passage apply on board or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, fe10 JOHN FLACK, Agents.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The splendid Passenger Packet GLENDALE, ... Capt. JOHN M. HARE, Will leave as announced above, on SATURDAY, 13th inst., at 4 P.M., positively. For freight or passage apply on board, or to fe9 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PITTSBURGH & ST. LOUIS BARGE CO.—FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The powerful towboat WILD DUCK AND BARGES, Capt. J. W. ANAWALT, Will leave as announced above, on SATURDAY, 13th inst. For freight or passage apply on board or to fe9 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

FOR CLARKSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer KATE PUTNAM, ... Capt. G. W. REED, Will leave for the above ports on TUESDAY, 16 h inst., at 4 o'clock P.M. For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK, fe2 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, Marietta and Parkersburg Line. Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, DAILY, AT 12 M. TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, BAYARD, ... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master. WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE, ... C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by fe14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

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REMOVAL. The Offices and Warehouses of PARK, BROTHER & CO. HAVE BEEN REMOVED TO THEIR WORKS, Cor. Thirtieth and Railroad Streets. Orders left with PARK, McCURDY & CO., No. 142 Second Avenue, will receive prompt attention. ja26:

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ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 98 FIFTH STREET, ap6:m26:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

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All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily. au31:n78

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY, WHOLESALE GROCER, No. 271 Liberty Street, (DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL.) PITTSBURGH, PA. se 15:16

WATT, LANG & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

M. STEELE..... J. A. STEELE. M. STEELE & SON, *Commission Merchants,* AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c. No. 95 OHIO STREET near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL..... JAS. F. RICHART. KEIL & RICHART, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., 349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, my24:b57

ALEX. M'DANE..... J. S. ANJER. McDANE & ANJER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. fe5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG, FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:su

L. J. BLANCHARD, Wholesale and Retail Grocers, No. 396 PENN STREET. ap18:n9

ROBT. KNOX..... ANDREW KNOX. R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. ja17:n87

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Cheese, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 114 and 116 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE. EDW. HOUSE. WM. H. HOUSE. JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON..... A. WALLACE. SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale Dealers in GROCERS AND PRODUCE, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja11:n98

WILLIAM MILLER & CO., Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street. Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses. Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars. New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do. Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups. Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses. Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas. Carolina and Bancoin Rice. Java, Rio and Laguayra and to Coffees. Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand. ALSO, IMPORTERS OF Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars. Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Himmel & Co., in bottles. Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c. Brandenburg & Fryes Fine Olive Oil. do do Clarets, imported in bottles. do do White Wines, in bottles. M. Work & Sons Sparkling Catawba. Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines. Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure. do Very Superior Old Scotch do do. ALSO, Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial. Verzenay and Sellery Champagne. Brandies of our own selection and warranted. j 2 :n48

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between J. B. and A. F. Canfield, under the style and firm name of J. B. CANFIELD & SON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by J. B. Canfield, who will continue the business at the old stand, 141 FIRST AVENUE. J. B. CANFIELD. A. T. CANFIELD. PITTSBURGH, February 3, 1869.

J. B. CANFIELD, COMMISSION MERCHANT and WHOLESALE DEALER in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils, No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh. fe5:el

KEYSTONE POTTERY. S. M. KIER & CO., Manufacturers of QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c. office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET. All orders promptly attended to.

FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pulpress still continues to fill all city and country orders for FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS. Send to No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market oc30

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO., FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY, ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON, 83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh. Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, Hose, Steam Packing and Gaskets of the Boston Belting Companies manufactured at prices as low as this quality of goods can be bought of the manufacturer. A full stock always on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 Sixth street. J. & H. PHILLIPS. fe6 Sole Agents for the Company.

VALUABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE, in good location in Allegheny City. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, fe 6 85 Smithfield Street

PAGE'S PATENT LACE LEATHER, for sale by J. & H. PHILLIPS. fe8

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

On and after TUESDAY, November 17th, 1868, trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrives.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accom'd'n	11:00 A. M.	3:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Uni'n	3:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.
West Newton Accom'd	4:30 P. M.	8:55 A. M.
Braddock's Accom'd'n	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
Night Ac. to Mck'sport	10:50 P. M.	6:45 A. M.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A. M.

For tickets apply to J. R. KING, Agent. W. B. STOUT, Super

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:
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OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " " and one to Agent.	1.15

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1869.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: "After Many Days," a choice English story, complete. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports Seventh page: February Fashions, Miscellaneous Reading Matter.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 82.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 58½@59f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 135¼.

THE lower branch of the West Virginia Legislature votes for Parkersburg as the Capital of the State.

BECAUSE a prominent Ohio politician lately resigned the Presidency of a railway in a hurry, his neighbors at once concluded that GRANT must have sent for him, to enter the Cabinet. Could'nt they have found a reason nearer home?

A NATIONAL LEAGUE, of all favorable to the protection of home-industry, is to be organized at Philadelphia, on Wednesday, the 17th. Manufacturers, miners and all others interested in the health and growth of our home industry are invited to attend. Will not Western Pennsylvania be fully represented?

AN ATTEMPT of the Erie folks to unload some of their Cleveland and Pittsburgh stock, in Wall street, on Thursday, found the street "unprepared to take it." The stock *was* very desirable, and probably it is yet, but it got a terribly black eye when that crowd seized it, and this seems to be Wall street's idea about it.

GEORGIA resolves to elect Congressmen in April next. She adopted this resolution after learning that her bogus Electoral vote had gone through as good as any, and that a Joint Convention had accomplished what the regular legislation of Congress had failed in—her recognition as a completely reconstructed State. Why should she neglect her advantage now?

THE CLOSE of the testimony taken in the contest of the election in the Third Congressional District, finds the title of Mr. MYERS conclusively established; Mr. MOFFET, (Dem.) who now holds the certificate, has failed to vitiate more than twenty or thirty Republican votes, while at least three hundred of his own ballots are proved illegal. His ostensible majority was only 127, and is demolished more than twice over.

SATURDAY was a day of great interest at Washington. We have elsewhere spoken of the interview between a Committee of Congress and the President elect. The legislative proceedings of the day were of an unusually important character, especially in the House. Now that fifteen working days of the session remain, we may look for the maturing of a large amount of the public business, and our columns will be fully taxed with the daily reports.

EVENTS in New York indicate an urgent need for an instant and radical reform in the administration of the laws, for the protection of life and property against the army of villains who have been stuffing their ballot-boxes, running their Courts and robbing the taxpayers all through the medium of the municipal authority. Personal outrage has become so flagrant and reckless that no one is any longer safe, even in theory. The city is therefore very nearly if not quite ready for the correctional and effective interposition of Vigilance Committees.

THE ALLEGED compromise of the difficulties in the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railway, is denied, in quarters usually well-informed.

The consolidation of the railways from Buffalo to Toledo has been finally perfected.

The capital stock of the Indianopolis and Terre Haute road, originally $625,000, has since been "watered up" to $3,000,000, on which it has paid handsome dividends.

The North Pacific Railroad Company, despairing of its chances for any subsidy at the present session of Congress, now proposes to go to work, relying upon its own credit—a sensible example for the rest of the railway lobby.

A CONVENTION of Philologists is to be held at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 27th next. It is proposed then, to organize a permanent National Society for the promotion of philological studies and research in America. Papers will be read by distinguished linguists, and the Convention will discuss the study of language in all its phases, particularly considering the question of the relative importance of familiarity with ancient or modern tongues not our own, and in what directions the study of all language should be divided up. We are not surprised to perceive that the call is signed by more than one hundred of the most eminent scholars and instructors of the country. It is gratifying, too, to know that questions of so much concern to a just and useful system of education are about to gain a practical consideration in the most needful quarter.

NEVER BEFORE SINCE Pittsburgh was erected into a municipality have its prospects been better or more encouraging. Our population is rapidly increasing, a good class of people constantly pouring in from all parts of the country and settling down to active life in our midst. What were a few years ago rural districts, devoted to garden purposes, are being transformed into closely populated neighborhoods, and it is not beyond the range of the memory of our youngest citizens since pic nic parties were held in localities now forming the heart of the business city. The effect of the consolidation with the outlying districts is commencing to be felt and evidences are everywhere apparent that fresh individual and municipal enterprise were imparted to the people and city by that wise movement. Private improvements in the way of costly residences and palatial places for the transaction of business are vigorously going forward on all sides, while the City Councils are developing an activity and enterprise which clearly betoken that they are in the lead of the people in their ideas of municipal progression and advancement. All the improvements and reforms which now secure the attention of those well constituted bodies must necessarily come in the course of time. The propriety, however, of their adoption at this particular date, is questioned by many. It is not our purpose to discuss at this time the merits or demerits of a Paid Fire Department, the wisdom of creating a Water Commission, or the necessity of making a move towards securing for the people a breathing spot free from the sulphurous atmosphere of the city. Each of the projects will be safe in the keeping of Councils, in whose judgment, prudence and discretion we have the utmost confidence, and we feel that the people will heartily acquiesce in any action they make take, favorable or adverse, as the case may be.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

General GRANT was, on Saturday, formally notified of his election to the Presidency. The official certificate thereof was delivered to him by a Committee of Congress. The interest of the occasion was increased by the remarks both of the Committee and of the President Elect. The declaration by Gov. MORTON, that the new administration would be supported by many citizens who had not usually given Republican votes, was reinforced by Mr. PRUYN, a Democratic Representative, that the administration would be sustained by the Democracy in carrying out the principles which General GRANT had just pledged himself to enforce. These, as he announced them emphatically, are to be honesty, economy and retrenchment. The revenue laws in particular are to be faithfully executed. All subordinate officials are to be held rigidly responsible for their fidelity to these leading ideas of his administration.

The people will welcome these renewed declarations of their President-elect with the greatest satisfaction, not because there has arisen a shadow of a doubt that General GRANT would be faithful to his former pledges in the same direction, but in view of the multiplying proofs that the public service has been, and yet is more and more, dishonored and betrayed by corrupt and even dishonest officials of every grade. With each day, come such fresh revelations of the flagrant, shameless and unmeasured venality of those who fill the public employments, that each renewed assurance, of the reformation which is about to be inaugurated, and in that all-powerful quarter, is eagerly welcomed. We already feel that the better day is dawning, and our only fear is that the enemies of the public credit and honor will be able to retire with full hands before the hour comes for that relief which all honest men pray for, and which President GRANT will give us.

THE NEW CABINET.

We have at last, from the President-elect, the explicit statement that the names of his Cabinet-advisers will not be made publicly known, nor even to the gentlemen themselves whom he shall select, until he sends them to the Senate for confirmation. This defers the matter until the 4th of March, when, after his inauguration, the Senate will sit awaiting his first communication. Until then, nothing will be known. Since, however, it can hardly be possible that General GRANT will nominate those seven high officers without a reasonable certainty of their willingness to serve, or that they are prepared to come to his side without any delay, we presume that few, perhaps not one of them, will be entirely without some informal previous intimation.

In deferring his announcements to the latest moment possible, General GRANT follows many precedents. General JACKSON'S Cabinet was not semi-officially proclaimed until February 27th, and two of the names were subsequently changed. HARRISON announced his Secretaries February 13th. POLK made no announcement until March 1st. General TAYLOR relieved public anxiety on the 3d. PIERCE'S Secretaries were apparently named February 17th, but only one of them kept place on the list, the actual appointments not transpiring until their names were sent to the Senate. BUCHANAN made known his choice February 26th. Mr. LINCOLN'S selections were not positively known until the very eve of his inauguration. It is thus seen that General GRANT proposes to himself the same policy in this regard which has been adopted by most of his predecessors, and will be likely to succeed quite as well as any of them in keeping his own counsel. It is his privilege, nay more, it is his duty to take all possible precautions that his administration shall enter office freed from the embarrassment to which he pointedly alluded on Saturday. It is enough for the country, and for the great party which elected him, to know that, whomever he may call about him as his Secretaries and confidential advisers, these are certain to be men in whom the country can trust, and who will have, as they now have, the absolute confidence of the Republican masses. A few prominent men who are merely politicians, and who are at heart only anxious about "axes to grind," may find the delay irksome and decidedly unfavorable to the little combinations and "slates" which they love to make up, but all these must possess their souls patiently, and exercise their talents in ingentous conjecture.

Washington Items.

The measure agreed upon by the Reconstruction Committee, relative to the case of Mississippi, is intended only as a temporary relief. It authorizes the old Convention to convene within thirty days and not to remain in session to exceed one month, and re-submit the Constitution heretofore framed, to the people, with or without amendments, as they may indicate, the Convention to appoint a Provisional Governor with full power to appoint or remove all State or county officers.

It is said that the Senate Committee on Judiciary has determined to report in favor of modification of the constitution of Virginia, as suggested by the committee of nine.

It is now believed that General Grant neither expects nor favors any legislation by which he can be restored to his position as General-in-Chief of the Army at the expiration of his Presidential term; that Sherman will be appointed his successor, and that Sheridan will be selected Lieutenant General in the place of Sherman.

The certainty that a thoroughly Republican Cabinet will be called around General Grant is everywhere conceded, a fact which entirely destroys the theory that Seward will be invited to remain in the State Department.

The pardon of Dr. Mudd, one of the conspirators for the assassination of President Lincoln, has been signed by the President, The pardon is accompanied by a report of the Attorney General, reciting the various considerations moving the Executive to grant the same, which are chiefly that there now appears to be some doubts as to the complicity of said Mudd in the conspiracy, he only rendering aid by attending to the wounds of the chief conspirator; that the medical profession of Hartford county, Maryland, have satisfactorily shown that it was the professional duty of said Mudd, as a physician, to attend Booth when called upon, and further, that he was attentive to the sick at the Dry Tortugas during the prevalence of the yellow fever at that post last summer, saving the lives of many officers and soldiers. It further recites that his pardon has been recommended by thirty-nine Senators and members of the House of Representatives, by over three hundred of the officers and soldiers of the Dry Tortugas, and others.

There is every indication that the President elect will not allow himself to be associated in any way with Andrew Johnson during the inauguration ceremonies.

General Grant gives it as his opinion that one of the best Governors in the South is General Clayton of Arkansas.

In a recent conversation between Gen. Grant and a prominent politician the General spoke very frankly of the efforts of certain of the Democratic papers to produce a breach between him and the Republican party, and added that any man who would undertake such a task, after Andrew Johnson's attempt, would be a madman indeed. The General seems to understand the whole drift of the opposition, and is evidently resolved to co-operate with the great party which elected him.

THE particulars of the shocking fratricide in Clinton county, Missouri, Sunday, are said to be as follows: The name of the two brothers was Evans. The younger of the brothers had been to church, and on returning found an old horse had broken into the oat stacks. He was unable without assistance to get the horse out, and called to the house for some one to help him. Failing to get any response, he went to the house much excited, took a pistol and started back, threatening to shoot the horse. The older brother caught up a hatchet and followed on. As he came close to his brother, he raised the hatchet (as is believed to scare him) in a striking attitude. The brother with the pistol turned and fired, killing him instantly. The affair is the source of the greatest distress to the family and the community, as the young men were highly respected, and no quarrel had ever before occurred between them.

ON Thursday last a Celestial sailed from San Francisco for China, with $18,050 worth of goods stolen from California merchants. The victims at once sent a dispatch describing the thief to New York, whence it was forwarded to London via the Atlantic Cable, and from there telegraphed by the Persian Gulf cable to Ceylon, in time to catch the Hong Kong steamer. When the Celestial reaches Hong Kong, the officers there will have been fully a week on the lookout for him, and of course they will recover the goods and send the swindler back to San Francisco. This incident marks a wonderful progress in telegraphing during the past five years. The time cannot be far distant when offenders will be tripped by lightning in the most remote corners of the globe.

IT IS estimated that there are nearly thirty thousand young men in Boston under marriage engagements, waiting for better times.

CITY COUNCILS.

(Continued from Eighth Page.)

of the several buildings and premises and property and appurtenances thereto, and all apparatus, hose, implements and tools of any and all kinds, which at the time of the appointment of the Commissioners aforesaid, were under the charge and control of any and all city officers or officers of the Fire Department in said city, for the use and benefit of the Fire Departmeht of the city of Pittsburgh. And it shall be the duty of all persons and officers in possession of any property, real or personal, belonging to or set apart for or in use by or for the Fire Department of said city, to deliver the same to the possession and control of said Pittsburgh Fire Department.

SEC. 7. The Treasurer of the city of Pittsburgh shall be the custodian of all moneys of the Department. He shall, on checks or vouchers drawn by the said Commissioners and approved by the City Controller, disburse and use all moneys raised for the purpose of said Pittsburgh Fire Department.

SEC. 8. The Pittsburgh Fire Commissioners, the Mayor of the city of Pittsburgh, the Presidents of the Select and Common Councils, the Chairman of the Finance Committee of said Councils and the Controller of said city, shall constitute a "Board of Estimate," and shall annually, on or before the first Monday of January in each year, estimate the sum required for the support and maintenance of the said Department for the ensuing fiscal year, and order and cause to be levied, raised and collected upon estates, property and all things subject to taxation according to law within said city. The sum so as aforesaid and estimated for the annual expenses authorized by this act and the monies so collected shall be deposited in the city Treasury and placed to the credit of the Pittsburgh Fire Department, and in making such estimate and raising and collecting said sum it shall be lawful for said Board of Estimate to assess anually upon all fire, marine, mutual and life insurance companies doing business within said city of Pittsburgh a special tax, the payment whereof shall be precedent to the right of any such company or companies or their agent or agents to do business in said city; all of which taxes shall be collected as other city taxes are now by law collected.

SEC. 9. The Board of Estimate created by section 8th of this act shall immediately after the organization of the Pittsburgh Fire Department make an estimate of the probable expenses of the said Department for the year 1869, and thereupon proceed at once to levy, assess, and collect the same in the manner provided in section 8th of this act; and in the meantime it shall be lawful for the said Pittsburgh Fire Commissioners to negotiate a temporary loan, not exceeding the full amount of said estimate so as aforesaid made.

SEC. 10. The said Commissioners shall provide such offices and business accommodations as may be requisite for the transaction of its business and that of its subordinates in said city of Pittsburgh.

SEC. 11. The said Commissioners shall have power to select a Secretary, Chief and Assistant Engineers, and as many officers, clerks, firemen and appointees as may be necessary, and the same shall at all times be under the control of the said Commissioners, and perform such duties as may be assigned to them by the said Commissioners, and may be removed by said Commissioners. The firemen and employees mentioned in this section shall be selected as far as practicable from the active and honorary members of the present "Fire Department of the city of Pittsburgh."

SEC. 12. The aforesaid officers and men, with their apparatus of all kinds, when on duty, shall have the right of way at any fire, and in any highway, street or avenue, over any and all vehicles of any kind, except those carrying the United States mail, and the passage of street cars, and any person in, or upon, or owning any vehicle, who shall refuse the right of way, or in any way willfully obstruct any fire apparatus, or any of said officers, while in performance of duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to punishment for the same, and be subject to a penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars.

SEC. 13. On and after the organization of the Department, all real estate, fire apparatus, hose, implements, tools, and all property of whatever nature then or therefor in use by the firemen or Fire Department of the city of Pittsburgh, shall be transferred by all persons having charge of the same, to the keeping and custody of the "Pittsburgh Fire Department" (hereby created) and for the use of said Department thereafter. But the said property shall remain the property of the city of Pittsburgh, subject to the public uses of said Department, as aforesaid, and for the purposes provided by this act. And whenever any of the said property shall no longer be needed by the said Department for the purposes of this act, they shall dispose of the same to the best advantage and apply the proceeds to the "Fire Department Fund."

SEC. 14. The Department hereby created may adopt a common seal and direct its use, and may institute and maintain suits and proceedings, (and may pay any costs, expenses or judgments therein) for the enforcement of its rights and contracts, and for the protection, possession and maintenance of the property under the control of said Department, and all sums recovered shall be for the benefit of said Department Fund.

SEC. 15. It shall be the duty of said Department annually to present to the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, in the month of January in each year, a full, complete and detailed statement of its expenditures during the previous year, and to set forth therein generally the action of said Department and the classification and number of its officers and men. The first report of said Department shall contain a copy of the Rules and By-laws adopted by said Department, and the several subsequent annual reports shall set forth all amendments to said Rules and By-laws.

SEC. 16. It shall be the duty of the Department hereby created, and of the police force of the city of Pittsburgh, their respective officers and men, to co-operate together in all proper ways, and the said police force and this Department may respectively provide for the protection against fire, and for the arrest of all persons who may, at or near any fire, commit or attempt to commit any crime against the laws of this Commonwealth, or may violate any rule or regulation of said Department, and on the first Monday of February in each year, the officers and men under the control of the Pittsburgh Fire Commissioners shall be sworn, in like manner as the police force of said city, and in case of emergency, the Mayor of said city shall have power and control over them as he has over the police force of said city.

SEC. 17. This act shall take effect immediately.

WM. PHILLIPS, Chairman.

John Shipton,	John J. Torley,
A. M. Brown,	R. D. Herron,
Andrew Scott,	R. C. Elliot,
John H. Stewart.	

Mr. Rafferty moved an amendment that the matter be referred to a vote of the people.

Mr. Holmes moved to lay Mr. Rafferty's amendment on the table. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Schmidt moved that the act be published in the official papers of the city one time.

On motion of Mr. Hallman, the matter was postponed until next meeting.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Torrens presented a petition requesting Councils to reconsider their action in locating Ridge street. Referred to the Survey Committee.

Also, a petition for a board walk from Minersville to Lawrenceville station, and an ordinance authorizing the same.

The petition was received and the ordinance passed to a second reading and laid over under the rules.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The President read a communication from the Secretary of the Board of Health, stating that there were two vacancies in said Board, occasioned by the resignation of David Fitsimmons and Samuel McKee. Accepted.

WATER WORKS.

Mr. Phillips presented a proposed act relative to the water works, as follows:

AN ACT to create a Board of Water Commissioners *of the City of Pittsburgh, and to provide for the management and control of the Water Works of said City:*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that

be and they are hereby named, constituted and appointed as Commissioners of the Water Works of the city of Pittsburgh, who, with their successors in office, shall be known and designated as the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Pittsburgh, and shall perform all the services herein required of them without compensation.

The members of said Board shall hold their offices respectively during good behavior, subject to removal by Councils in the same manner that elective officers of the city are by law removable, and whenever any vacancy shall occur in said Board by death, resignation, removal from office or removal from the city, it shall be the duty of said Board to notify the said Councils of the fact and nominate some person to fill said vacancy, and if said nominee be approved by a majority of Councils in joint session he shall thereupon become a member of said Board; provided, however, that no person shall be authorized to serve as a member of said Board who is not a resident freeholder of said city of Pittsburgh, and a qualified voter therein.

The said Commissioners shall, within thirty days after the passage of this act, having been duly sworn by the Mayor to faithfully discharge the duties of their appointment, meet and organize the Board by the election of one of their number to serve as President and one as Vice President, who shall hold their offices for such term as said Board shall by bye-law prescribe, and they may also at the same time elect a suitable person as Secretary, who shall hold his office during the pleasure of the Board, and receive such compensation as the Board may determine. A majority of said Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Said Board shall keep full and perfect minutes of all their proceedings, which shall at all proper times be kept open for the inspection of the City Controller, or any committee duly appointed by Councils for that purpose. Said Board shall make report to Councils of their proceedings and of all monies received and expended by them at the last regular meeting of said Councils in December of each year, and at such other times as Councils may by ordinance or resolution direct.

The said Board of Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to purchase such lands and materials and to construct such reservoirs, buildings, machinery and fixtures as may be deemed necessary for a full and ample supply of water to the said city of Pittsburgh, and with a view to a largely increased consumption thereof in the future, and, also, with a view to obtaining a better quality of water than is now supplied to said city, and said Board is further authorized to procure and lay down water pipes in such localities as they think proper, and to maintain and keep in operation said works when constructed, and to regulate, manage and control all lands, lots, buildings, machinery, pipes and fixtures now used in connection with the City Water Works, or which may hereafter be acquired; provided, that all contracts for the erection and construction of buildings, reservoirs, laying pipes, or the furnishing of materials and supplies for or in connection with said Works, whenever the same is practicable, shall be let to the lowest and best bidder upon proposals to be made in writing, and said Board shall give notice of the time and place of receiving proposals by advertisements in the papers authorized to do the city printing, and such other papers as they may think advisable, at least ten days before the time fixed for receiving the same.

Said Board of Commissioners shall have and possess all the powers to borrow money and issue bonds conferred upon the city of Pittsburgh by an act of Assembly, entitled "An act to authorize the city of Pittsburgh to borrow money," approved the twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1868, and all bonds issued in pursuance hereof, shall be subject to the provisions of said act; except, that the limitation as to the amount to be borrowed shall be extended to the sum of two millions of dollars.

All bonds which may be authorized by said Board shall be signed by the Mayor, countersigned by the Controller, and sealed by the Mayor with the corporate seal of the city of Pittsburgh.

Said bonds shall be sold under the direction of the Board of Commissioners, who shall report all sales to the Controller, who shall keep a correct and accurate account of all bonds which may be issued in pursuance of this act, and of all money which may be paid for or on account thereof, and shall cancel and file all bonds and coupons which may, at any time, be paid by the City Treasurer.

All money received for the sale of bonds shall at once be paid to the City Treasurer, who shall keep an accurate account thereof.

It shall be the duty of said Board, as soon as practicable after their organization, to make an estimate of the amount required to defray the expenses of the current year, and if the same shall exceed the amount already appropriated by Councils to the Water Fund, it shall be the duty of Councils to add to said appropriation an amount sufficient to make up the deficiency, and said amount shall be provided for by said Board, by the issue and sale of bonds.

In each year hereafter, it shall be the duty of said Board to make out an estimate of the receipts and expendatures of the Water Department for the current year, and furnish the same to the President of Select Council within one week after his appointment for submission to the Finance Committee, and it shall be the duty of Councils to make appropriation to the Water Fund to the amount of expenditures so estimated, provided the same shall not exceed the amount of estimated receipts.

The said Board of Commissioners shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered to make such by-laws, rules and regulations as they may deem necessary and proper for the safe, economical and efficient management and protection of the Water Works, to fix the rates of water rents, provide for the assessment and collection thereof, and generally to regulate, manage and control all matters relating to the supply of water to said city, and the maintenance and management of the Water Works now existing or hereafter to be constructed. All by-laws, rules and regulations of said Board, when adopted, shall be recorded in the same manner and have all the force and effect of city ordinances. All ordinances of said city relating to Water Works now in force shall be and remain in full force and virtue until the same shall be altered or supplied by said Board of Commissioners.

All the powers heretofore conferred upon the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, or possessed by them, to prevent and punish injuries to the Water Works and the contamination of the water, are hereby conferred upon the Board of Commissioners hereby created.

——— ——— is hereby appointed Chief of the Water Department, whose duty it shall be to superintend all the business connected with the Water Works, and all officers and employees thereof, to keep the accounts of the receipts and expenditures, to see that all contracts are faithfully executed, and perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by the Board of Commissioners. He shall hold his office during good behavior and may for any cause be removed by the Board of Commissioners by a two-third vote of the members present at any regular meeting, and when any vacancy shall occur in said office it shall be filled by appointment of the Board, subject to approval of Councils.

The Chief of the Water Department shall, before entering upon the duties of his appointment, make oath before the Mayor to faithfully discharge the same, and give bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, with sureties, to be approved by the Board, and shall receive in compensation for his services the annual salary of four thousand dollars.

The said Board of Commissioners shall by resolution or by-law direct the employment of such superintendents, clerks, assessors, engineers, surveyors and other persons, as in their opinion may be necessary for the proper performance of the duties mentioned in this act, and to determine the compensation to be paid to those so employed. They shall also direct what officers and employees shall give bonds, the amount and terms thereof, and the sureties required therein.

All such officers and employees shall be appointed by the Chief of the Water Department, subject to the approval of the Board, and may be removed or dismissed by him subject to the same approval. Provided, that the officers now serving, who have been elected by Councils, shall retain their respective positions until the end of the term for which they were elected.

The Chief of the Water Department shall make monthly statements in detail of all transactions of the Water Department to the Board for their information.

It shall be the duty of the President of the Board of Commissioners to certify to the Controller, in writing, all claims approved and allowed by the Board, who shall certify warrants for the amount thereof, upon the Water Fund, if there is at the time any money in said fund undisposed of, which warrants when signed by the Mayor shall be paid by the City Treasurer from the money in said fund.

No Commissioner, officer or employee shall be interested directly or indirectly in any contract entered into by them or any of them for or on account of said Water Works, nor shall they be interested directly or indirectly in the sale or purchase of any real estate or of any materials for the use or purposes of said Works, and any contract in which any of said parties may be so interested shall be null and void, and no suit or suits shall be maintained against the city of Pittsburgh on the same or for or on account of anything that may have been done under or in pursuance thereof. And any moneys which may have been paid by said city on account thereof, may be recovered from the party receiving the same in an action of debt or assumpsit in the name of said city.

Whenever said Board of Commissioners shall desire to procure any lands for the purpose of erecting thereon basins, reservoir, engine-houses, or other buildings necessary for said Water Works, or to be used in connection therewith, and are unable to agree with the owner or owners thereof for the sale and purchase thereof, or by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of such owner or owners no such agreement can be made, it shall and may be lawful for the District Court of Allegheny county, on application thereto by petition of said Commissioners, in the name and on behalf of the city of Pittsburgh, to appoint three disinterested freeholders of said county, neither of whom shall be residents or owners of property in said city, and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter, when they shall meet upon the premises, and having been first duly sworn or affirmed to faithfully discharge their duties, appraise and value the ground proposed to be taken, of which meeting notice shall be given at least ten days before the time appointed therefor to the attorney of the city of Pittsburgh and to the owner or owners of said property, or in the case of absence or legal incapacity of the owner or owners, to the agent, guardian, committee or other representative of such owner, if such agent or other representative reside in the county of Allegheny, and if not in at least two newspapers published in the city of Pittsburgh, and in such other paper as the Court may direct.

Said viewers having viewed the premises shall estimate and appraise the value of the property so to be taken, at its fair cash value, and within ten days after said meeting report the same to said Court, which report shall be filed in said Court, and if no exceptions thereto be filed within ten days thereafter, the same shall become absolute and binding upon all parties; but if exceptions shall be filed by either of said parties, within the time aforesaid, the said Court may make such order for disposing of the same as may seem proper, and if deemed necessary may order an issue in such form as the Court may direct, and try the same before said Court and a jury, and after final judgment either party may have a writ of error from the Supreme Court, as in other cases.

When the report of viewers shall have been made and returned to Court, as aforesaid, said Commissioners may, if they think proper, tender the amount of the appraised value of said grounds to the owner or owners, his, her or their agent or representative, or may pay the same into Court, and may thereupon take possession of and use and occupy the grounds so appraised.

When said proceedings shall be determined, and final judgment given thereon, and the amount of the appraised value of the grounds fixed, and the same shall have been paid or tendered to the owner or owners, his, her or their agent or representative, or paid into Court, the grounds so appraised shall become vested in the city of Pittsburgh in fee simple.

Whenever said Board of Commissioners shall desire to occupy any grounds for the purpose of laying water pipe or constructing conduits thereon, viewers may be appointed to appraise the damages which may be done to the owner

of said property, which viewers may be appointed in the same manner and the like proceeding had as is hereinbefore provided, and when the damages awarded shall have been paid, tendered or paid into Court as aforesaid, the said city shall have the right to lay down the pipes or construct the conduits, as in the petition may be described, and to maintain the same in perpetual repair, and to enter upon the premises at all reasonable times and manner for said purposes.

Read twice and ordered to be published.

Mr. Morrow presented a petition relative to the grading of Magee street. Referred to Street Committee with power to act.

Also, a petition from John Flynn, asking permission to erect a frame stable. Referred to Committee on Wooden Buildings.

Mr. Kirk presented a petition for a resurvey of a road leading from the Butler Plank Road to the Morningside Road, in the Eighteenth ward. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. White, a remonstrance against the erection of a wooden building. Referred to Committee on Wooden Buildings.

Mr. White, the petition of Samuel Colvin asking permission to erect an iron clad building on Elm street in the Seventh ward. Referred to the Committee on Wooden Buildings.

The President read a communication from the Controller, accompanying which was the bill of W. J. Allender for serving notices for amounts for grading and paving, $16,75; also an affidavit of Rudolf Konig, setting forth that the firm of Konig & Co., were assessed as doing a business of $60,000, and that the business only amounted to $800, and asking a reduction on their business tax to the amount of the difference. Referred to the Finance Committee.

No action in Common Council.

Councils adjourned.

Common Council.

Common Council came to order at 2½ o'clock, President Tomlinson in the Chair.

The following members were present: Messrs. Ardary, Anderson, Albeitz, Batchelor, Barton, Barr, Black, Berger, Bell, Booth, Bulger, Carroll, Case, Chislett, Dunseath, Fleming, Gildenfenney, House, Houston, Hutchinson, Jamison, Jahn, Lanahan, Lockhart, Moore, Moorhead, Morgan, Morton, McCarthy, McClarren, McCandless, McMasters, McCleane, McKelvey, Palmer, Pearson, Penny, Reed, Rosewell, Rook, Shott, Scott, Verner, Vetter, Vick, Waughter, Weldon, Welsh, Weisenberger, Wilson and President Tomlinson.

On motion, the reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was disposed with.

The President stated the object of the meeting to be for the consideration of the matter relative to the establishment of a paid Fire Department in the city.

Mr. Case wished to present a communication, but it was ruled out of order by the President, who stated that nothing but the special business for which the meeting had been called could be taken up, unless by a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Case moved a suspension of the rules in order that other business might be proceeded with.

Mr. Penney rose for information. He wished to know by whose authority the meeting had been called. The object of the special meeting had not been stated in the notification received by him, and he was altogether ignorant of what business would be brought before it until so informed by the President, after Councils had convened. He thought there should be some precedent established in the manner of calling special meetings. The Clerk should be instructed to state in the notifications to members the object of the meeting thus called.

Mr. Morgan, to establish a custom for the future, offered the following as an amendment to Rule 30, after the word "expedient," "and he shall state whom the notices of the call to the member for what purpose the special meeting is called."

The Chairman decided the motion out of order.

Mr. Case called for the question on the motion to suspend, which resulted in its defeat.

After waiting a short time Mr. Houston moved a reconsideration of the vote. Carried.

The question on the suspension of the rules then came up again, and was again defeated,

Mr. Reed moved to adjourn. Lost.

Mr. Weldon moved to take up business from the Street Committee, under a suspension of the rules. Lost.

Mr. Reed moved that Councils take a recess of fifteen minutes.

The motion was amended by extending the time time to half an hour, and one hour, both of which were lost and the original motion adopted.

After Common Council had re-convened, Mr. Pearson moved to adjourn. Carried.

WHY IS IT

That the feeble totter, with uncertain steps, over the face of the earth, in danger every day of falling victims to the morbid influences by which we all are surrounded, when a tested and proven vegetable tonic, capable of endowing them with the vigor they need, is procurable in every city, town and settlement? It might reasonably be thought if twelve years' experience which the world has had of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, ALL would know that its effect is to prevent disease.

At this season, the atmosphere is surcharged with the seeds, intermittents, remittents, rheumatism, mesenteary disorders, bilious complaints and the like. Persons whose nervous systems are relaxed, are the first to succumb to these distempers. Brace up the physical energies, then, with this potential vegetable tonic. It is the most powerful recuperant which the botanic kingdom has ever yielded to patient research and experiment. TRY IT. The blindest disciple of the old medical dogmas will at least admit that a tonic and alterative, compounded of approved herbs, roots and barks, can do no harm, while the testimony of thousands invites a trial of its virtues.

Vigor is the thing most needed in these cases, as well as in dyspepsia and nervous affectations, and HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is the safest, surest and most wholesome strengthening preparation that human skill has yet concocted. As a tonic, it is both mild and agreeable to the taste, and stimulating in its action upon the system.

Hundreds of physicians have abandoned all the official receipts, and prescribed this harmless tonic as a preventive and cure for all cases of Chills and Fever.

THE SOUND OF THE LUNGS.

One of the most accurate ways of determining whether the lungs are in a healthy or diseased condition, is by means of listening to the respiration. To those experienced in this practice it becomes as plain an index to the state of the lungs, and is as well known to the operator as are the voices of his most intimate acquaintances. The belief that long standing coughs, and diseases of the lungs upon which they are dependent, are incurable, are fast becoming obsolete. One great advantage to be gained from this advance in medical knowledge is the earlier application of those who become afflicted with those diseases to some one competent to afford relief. The error which had taken hold of the public mind in regard to the curability of consumption, or rather non-curability, is fast becoming obliterated, and it is well that it should be so, not that persons should lose that salutary fear which would make them apply for a timely remedy, but that all might be induced to use remedies while there is any hope. It is the delay in these cases that fills us with apprehension and alarm, for if every one would make timely application of DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in the beginning of a cold or cough, few cases would go so far as to become irremediable.

Sold at the Doctor's great Medicine Store, No. 140 Wood street. WILL SHORTLY REMOVE TO HIS NEW STORE, NO. 16 LIBERTY STREET, SECOND DOOR FROM ST. CLAIR.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office Hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M., and from 7 to 8 at night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—We, the undersigned, will apply to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, now in session, for the right to BUILD A BRIDGE for the transportation of coal and other minerals, as well as to accommodate the traveling public, over the YOUGHIOGHENY RIVER, beginning at a point in Sewickley township, Westmoreland county, at the north-west corner of the lands of Herman Haupt, above Ely Suter's Mill, in said township, and ending on lands of William Douglas in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county.

JOHN DOUGLAS, JAMES NICHOLDS,
WM. PIERCE, WM. FINNEY,
SAMUEL SCOTT. fe15:e54

GRAY'S FERRY
PRINTING INK WORKS.
C. E. ROBINSON,
MANUFACTURER OF
Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic
INKS, VARNISHES, &C.
Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,
fe14:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

HURST'S ARCHITECTURAL SURVEYORS HAND-BOOK.

A Hand Book of Formulae, Tables and Memoranda for Architectural Surveyors, and others engaged in Building.

By JOHN THOMAS HURST, Civil Engineer. Second Edition. In one Pocket Volume.

PRICE $2.50. For sale by

KAY & COMPANY,
65 Wood Street.
fe13

WRIGHT'S REPELLENT UMBRELLAS,
Fast Colors.
Prices Within the Reach of All,

Keep the wearer dry, do not soil the dress or floor, and will turn "inside out." All will bear inside the above mark: none others genuine. At wholesale only by

WRIGHT, BROTHERS & CO.,
323 and 324 MARKET STREET, Philadelphia, and 344 BROADWAY, New York.
fe15:e62 M2TH

HENRY C. FRY HAS THIS DAY withdrawn from the firm of FRY, SEMPLE & REYNOLDS. The business will be continued by SEMPLE, REYNOLDS & CO., who are charged with the settlement of the business of the late firm.

CRESCENT FLINT GLASS WORKS,
SEMPLE, REYNOLDS & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of
Gas and Kerosene Lamp Shades,
Fine Pressed, Blown, Cut and Engraved
TABLE GLASSWARE,
OFFICE AND SAMPLE ROOM
No. 104 Fourth Avenue.

In retiring from the late firm of FRY, SEMPLE & REYNOLDS, I cheerfully commend their successors to the patronage and confidence of the former customers of the house.

HENRY C. FRY.
PITTSBURGH, February 12th, 1869. fe 5:e61

AT AUCTION.
LOT ON LINCOLN AVENUE,
100 by 140 Feet.

The special attention of those in quest of first class property for private residence is invited to the sale on FRIDAY, February 19th, at 2 o'clock, of that magnificent lot of ground, fronting 100 feet on the north side of Lincoln avenue, directly opposite the new Orphan Asylum, and extending back a distance of 140 feet, acknowledged to be one of the finest vacant sites in Allegheny City. Lincoln avenue is the most fashionable street in the city; it is wide, well paved, and built up with the finest and costliest dwellings. Its character in these respects is permanently secured. The present lot is the only vacant one on the north side of the avenue. It has a southern front and faces the beautiful building and ornamental grounds of the Orphan's Home. Is within one square of the Western avenue cars. A careful consideration of the prospective advantages of owning such a lot on such a street is solicited. An equal opportunity can never again occur on Lincoln avenue.

TERMS OF SALE—Half cash; balance in three yearly payments.

Any further particulars will be given by
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
fe15 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny county, No. 861, March Term, 1869.

The RECTOR, CHURCH WARDENS and VESTRYMEN OF CHRIST CHURCH, Allegheny, have this day made application for amendment to its Charter. JACOB H. WALTER,
Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas.
FEBRUARY 13, 1 69. fe15:e30

BANK AND BRIDGE STOCKS,
CITIZENS' RAILWAY BONDS, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, February 16th, at 7½ o'clock, will be added to former list of valuable stocks, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street.

10 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
10 shares Coalmen's Trust Co.;
27 shares Birmingham and Pitts'h Bridge;
1650 shares Tarr, Story & Gerry Run Oil Co.;
$7 600 Citizens Passenger Railway first mortgage Bonds;
16 shares German Insurance Company;
15 shares Enterprise do do.
fe15 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ON STOCKTON AVENUE WE offer the following desirable residence for sale: It is well finished and convenient, with a large lot of ground 30 by 240 feet, stable and carriage house. The house has a wide hall, two fine parlors, with marble mantles, centre pieces, &c. Dining room, kitchen with a good range, bath room, water and gas, wash room, water closets, 6 chambers, &c. It needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
fe15 85 Smithfield street.

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,
H. M. LONG & CO.,
Office, DALZELL BUILDING,
fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF
PRUNING AND TRIMMING
Done by ROBERT A. OWENS.
Leave orders at No. 1 Centre Avenue
fe13:e68

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT.
SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS
No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.
A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc6:v36

KEELER'S STANDARD SCALES. 38 WOODST. PITTSB'G. SCRANTAV. CLEVE'D O.

FRESH OLL BUTTER.—10 half bbls Choice Roll Butter, just received and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

PEARL ASH—30 casks Prime Pearl Ash now in store and for sale by
fe12 J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF
HAMBURG EDGINGS
And Insertings,
COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS,
Nainsook
AND
JACONET MUSLINS,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

NEW BARGAINS
IN
PLAIN AND STRIPED DRESS SILKS,
Striped Poplins,
BLACK POPLINS AND ALPACAS,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 AND 182
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
fe13

THE
NEW STOCK.
BATES
&
BELL
Have Received a
FULL
LINE
OF
LINENS,
Cotton Goods,
LADIES' UNDERWEAR,
Which They Offer at
LOW
Prices.
AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S
EVERY DEPARTMENT
Will be Found Well Stocked with
NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,
WHICH ARE OFFERED AT
The Very Lowest Prices,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Woolen Goods, Underwear, &c.,
CLOSING OUT VERY CHEAP.
77 and 79 Market Street.
fe3

PAPER. PAPER.
Printing, Straw,
Rag, Glass,
Carpet,
ROOFING, HARDWARE AND MANILLAS,
Manufactured and sold by
FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.,
82 THIRD AVENUE.
CASH PAID FOR ROPE, RAGS AND OLD PAPERS. oc28-x56MF

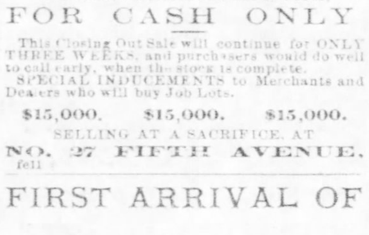
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT 37 1-2 CENTS,
AN EXCELLENT
FORTY SPRING HOOP SKIRT,
AT 12 1-2 CENTS,
The Best Dark Calicoes.
AT 10 CENTS,
FAST COLORED DARK CALICOES.
AT 12 1-2 CENTS,
Fine Yard Wide Bleached Muslin,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

NEW ASSORTMENT
OF
TABLE LINENS AND NAPKINS,
Quilt and Toilet Mats,
SHEETING AND PILLOW MUSLINS,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
NO. 180 AND 182
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
fe13

$15,000 $15,000 $15,000
WORTH OF GOODS
SELLING REGARDLESS OF COST.
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
DENNISON & HECKERT,
At No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Embracing a complete line of
Trimmings, Embroideries,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, GENT SHIRTS AND COLLARS, SKIRTS AND CORSETS, RIBBONS, STRAW GOODS AND FLOWERS.
FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.
Having been purchased by
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
They will open it up to the public, on
THURSDAY MORNING, Feb. 11,
With the most EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN ever offered before in this line of Goods,
FOR CASH ONLY
This Closing Out Sale will continue for ONLY THREE WEEKS, and purchasers would do well to call early, when the stock is complete.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to Merchants and Dealers who will buy Job Lots.
$15,000. $15,000. $15,000.
SELLING AT A SACRIFICE AT
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.
fe11

FIRST ARRIVAL OF
New Spring Goods.
A BEAUTIFUL AND CHEAP LINE OF
EMBROIDERIES,
In French, German, and English Work.
Fine Barred and Striped Nainsook,
Victoria Lawns and Cambric Muslins,
PLAIN AND DOTTED SWISS.
A COMPLETE LINE OF
Ladies' Handkerchiefs.
LACE CHEMISETTES,
A NEW AND FRESH ASSORTMENT.
STRIPED COLLARS AND CUFFS,
IN LINEN AND PAPER.
Fine Patent Valencia Lace,
A beautiful assortment of Patterns.
WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES,
Slightly soiled, selling off below cost.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 and 80 Market Street.
fe11



fe10:e28

NEW STYLES
HATS AND CAPS,
JUST RECEIVED AT
McCORD & CO's,
131 WOOD STREET.
fe9

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—GARDENER—One thoroughly competent to take charge of a small place, with Greenhouse, etc. Apply at No. 174 Wood street. LOCKHART, FREW & CO.

WANTED—Girls to Sort Rags. Apply at MOONEY'S BASKET FACTORY, on the Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway.

WANTED—A young man of good education to become a Student of Medicine in the office of a regular Physician. Address, "Physician," GAZETTE office.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED—A Legal Reporter. The undersigned, Committee of the Pittsburgh Bar, propose to employ a competent STENOGRAPHIC REPORTER for the District Court. An experienced legal reporter to attend the daily sessions of the Court, and furnish copies of his reports, is desired.

Communications, stating particulars as to qualifications and salary, may be addressed to any member of the Committee.

John H. Hampton, ROBERT WOODS, Chairman,
A. M. Brown, H. Burgwin,
Thomas M. Marshall, S. H. Geyer,
A. S. Bell, George Shiras, Jr.,
M. W. Acheson.

WANTED---BOARDERS,

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — A few boarders can be accommodated with board and lodging at 153 THIRD AVENUE.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. — Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentlemen, at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—To employ a few good MEN to distribute Dr. Ashbaugh's Great Rheumatic Remedy, "The Wonder of the World," on the package system, not to be paid for until fully tested. Address J. C. TILTON, 10½ St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja30

WANTS.

WANTED—HOUSE.—A dwelling house of four or five rooms, by a family with no children. Address, D. D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—Bonds and Mortgages to the amount of $50,000 on city or county unencumbered property, having from one to five years to run, in amounts ranging from $500 to $5,000.

Also, business accommodation paper to the amount of $40,000, in sums from $600 to $3,000, and from 60 days to 4 months to run.

160 acres of good Western lands to exchange for furniture. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO.,
ja29 Cor. 4th avenue and Smithfield street.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—OFFICES.—Several fine offices for rent in Methodist Episcopal Block. Inquire of JOSEPH HORNER, No. 129 Smithfield street.

TO-LET.—A fine, large, well-finished ROOM, suitable for an office, in *Dispatch* Building, second floor, back. Apply at Room for terms, &c.

TO LET—The Large and Elegant STORE ROOM and CELLAR, with fixtures complete, No. 96 Wylie street, corner of Federal street, Pittsburgh. A. M. BROWN, 114 Fifth avenue.

TO LET—HOUSE—177 WYLIE STREET, near Logan, containing 9 rooms, with brick stable in rear. A very suitable location for a physician. Inquire of JAMES P. QUINN, 280 Liberty street.

TO-LET, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION a well-lighted comfortable HALL on Fifth avenue, 30 by 80 feet; well adapted for society meetings. Address Lock Box 169, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

TO-LET.—STORE and DWELLING, No. 210 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny City; contains five rooms, finished attic, store room and large cellar; gas and water. Apply to S. S. D. THOMPSON, on the premises. Possession given April 1st.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO LET.--TWO Handsomely furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at 199 Third avenue.

TO-LET.—FRONT OFFICE, second story, 56 Smithfield street. Enquire at Drug Store, corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

TO-LET.—A FRONT ROOM, on second floor, well furnished, with gas and coal. For terms, apply at No. 33 NINTH STREET, formerly hand.

TO-LET.—LIME KILN AND QUARRIES for lease; Kilns in good order and Limestone complete. Transportation can be furnished. Enquire at No. 413 LIBERTY STREET, up stairs.

TO LET.—Six Offices on the Corner of Penn and Eighth streets; 3 on first and 3 on the second floor, (one very large.) Also, a well lighted and dry Basement Store Room. To let—A dwelling next the corner, No. 29, on Eighth street, with 7 rooms. Also one with 11 rooms, No. 25, on Eighth street. Also, a Warehouse, No. 188 Smithfield street. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—ONE STORE ROOM, FOUR BASEMENTS, well lighted and finished.

OFFICES in the second story.

SLEEPING ROOMS in the third story, and ONE LARGE HALL, with two ante-rooms, in the fourth story of A. H. English & Co's new building, Fourth avenue. Apply to A. H. ENGLISH & CO., No. 29 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—THE SECOND AND THIRD STORIES of a Business House on Federal street, Allegheny city. Each room is 20 by 80. Splendid location for a PHOTOGRAPHIC SAMPLE ROOM or light Manufacturing. Spacious front entrance, and in the best business portion of the street. For particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR RENT. — RESTAURANT on Water street; Brick House of 6 Rooms, De Villiers street, $300; Brick, 4 Rooms, Pastured street, $300; Brick of 4 Rooms, Virgin Alley, $240; 110 Wylie street, $600; 79 Chatham street, 6 Rooms, $360; 9 Ann street, 6 Rooms, $336; 57 Tannell street, 8 Rooms, $450; frame of 3 Rooms, 14 Lacock street, $144; 3 Rooms, Bertha street, $108; frame of 5 Rooms, Fifth Avenue, beyond the Toll Gate, $240. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
fe10 85 Smithfield Street.

WESTERN LAND AGENCY.
70,000 Acres of Land for Sale,
In Iowa and Minnesota; price from $3.00 to $5.00 per acre. Land bought and sold on commission. Taxes paid; Titles examined; abstracts furnished; Surveying and Plotting done.

Information furnished in reference to locality, quality and valuation of lands. General collecting business done. Address

C. C. WAY,
ja29:d68 ELLINGTON, IOWA.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.
American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.
All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at
WHITESIDES & DRUM,
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ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the
SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,
the only true and easily regulated Governor made, perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCE VAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:x96

ALL BOOK AGENTS SEND for the 16 reasons why
Cobbins' Domestic Illustrated Family Bible
Is superior to any other. Address STREET & CO., 111 Nassau street, New York. Sold only by agents. Refers to all Eastern Publishers.
fe9:e19:M:W:F-T

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT.—That elegant RESIDENCE, corner Western Avenue and Bidwell street, Allegheny. Lot 100 by 227 feet. House contains 16 rooms, with all modern improvements. Apply to GEORGE H. HOLTZMAN, 80 Fourth avenue (up stairs,) Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—Desirable Western AVENUE RESIDENCE, located on Western Avenue, Allegheny City. A double two-story brick residence of eleven rooms, hall and good cellar, finished in first class style. Lot 48 by 120 feet to a 20 foot alley. Terms very easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue. fe11:e45

FOR SALE.—RARE CHANCE FOR A WAGON MAKER—At Parnassus Station, A. V. R. R., 17 miles from the city, half an acre of ground with shop and dwelling and a large quantity of lumber; abundance of work for three hands; blacksmith shop convenient; rare opening for a man of small means, will be sold on very easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE!—$35 PER ACRE will purchase a farm of 131 acres in Armstrong county, Pa., 4½ miles from Rosston Station A. V. R. R. 21 acres in good timber; balance under cultivation; 40 acres in grass, orchard of 400 choice bearing fruit trees; two good dwelling houses, one a brick of 6 rooms and good cellar; the other a new frame of three or five rooms; bank barn, almost new 40 by 56, and all necessary outbuildings, abundance of good water and in good neighborhood. Owner has determined to go west, otherwise it could not be bought at the above price. TERMS VERY EASY. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—FARM.—24 acres of good land in Richland township, on the Butler Plank Road, 17 miles from Allegheny City, with good house and barn and other outbuildings; a good selection of fruit on the place, and all the ground is in good working order, making a desirable country place for a man doing business in the city. Apply to JAMES HARBISON, Esq., on the premises, or S. P. HARBISON, 75 Diamond, Allegheny City. fe5:e12

FOR SALE.—OVER $700,000 worth of Real Estate, comprising Farms, Mills, Stores Houses, Lots, Coal Works, Salt Works, &c., &c. The "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER" contains full particulars of all of the above. Sent FREE to any address. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—REFINERY.—A First Class Refinery, in complete running order, nearly new. Has been in operation but a few months, situated on the A. V. R. R., beyond the present city limits. Capacity five hundred bbls per week. Can be doubled with no extra expense excepting an additional still. Apply at 22 and 24 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or K. A. HOPE Penn Station.

FOR SALE.—BUSINESS PROPERTY.—Is now offered for sale that desirable LOT OF GROUND No. 167 Smithfield street. This property is well located for business. Parties on lookout for a good stand will do well to call on BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., No. 167 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS STAND —A well known and prosperous wholesale business stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Satisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at 77 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.—A NEW FRAME HOUSE of six rooms and one acre lot in Mt. Washington. Good well on the premises. Enquire at No. 83 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—A LEASE of two THREE STORY BRICK HOUSES in a business location. It has four years to run; rent low. Address, W. X., GAZETTE OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—A New House of Seven Rooms and Hall, corner of Pride and Forbes streets. Water and Gas in the house; also Range in kitchen.

NOTICES.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until TUESDAY, February 18th, at the MAYOR'S OFFICE, for the making of FIFTY, or more, POLICE UNIFORMS, the parties to furnish trimmings, with the exception of buttons.

Sample uniforms to be seen at the office.
fe13:e48 JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor.

OFFICE OF PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, January 27, 1869.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 16th day of February, 1869, at 10 o'clock A.M., at CONCERT HALL, No. 1,219 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

The Annual Election for Directors will be held on MONDAY, the 1st day of March, 1869, at the office of the Company, No. 238 South Third street.
fe2:d88 EDMUND SMITH, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.
Pittsburgh, January 25, 1869.
STOCKHOLDERS ANNUAL MEETING.—The regular annual meeting of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 26 Pike street, on TUESDAY, 23d day of February, 1869, for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the coming year and the transaction of such other business as may be presented.
ja27:d69 JOHN BALLANTINE, Secretary.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, January 30, 1869.
AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN MANAGERS of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, will be held at the Toll House, on MONDAY, the 1st day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M.
fe2:d89-MF JAS. H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES.
French Burr Smut Machines,
THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.
Portable Flour and Feed Mills,
BOLTING CLOTHS,
All numbers and best quality. For sale at
319 and 321 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.
W. W. WALLACE.
au28

WM. B. NEEPER,
ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.
Special attention given to conveyancing and collections. Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

G. W. De CAMP,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

DRS. COOPER, WALLACE and WILLARD,
HOMEOPATHISTS,
Will remove their Office on the First of April next to No. 72 Diamond, Allegheny city, rear of City Hall. ja30:d79

FLOUR.
ORIENTAL,
SWEEPSTAKES,
RED RIVER,
WHITE ROSE,
Very choice, for sale by
MEANOR & HARPER,
fe9 [329 Liberty street.

FANCY CRACKERS,
Balmoral, Napoleon, Sweet Pearl and Almond put up in small tin cases for family use; also fresh Ginger Soaps and Scotch Cakes received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
fe8 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

2,000 BUSHELS OF PEACH BLOWS.
a15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

40 BARRELS OF SORGHUM MOLASSES.
ja15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

POT ASH.—4 casks No. 1 Pot Ash in store and for sale by
fe12 J. B. CANFIELD.

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DUQUESNE WORKS,

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

Duquesne Iron, Sheet and Tank Iron, Juniata Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Charcoal Iron, Cylinder Iron, XL Iron, Flanged Cutter Bars, Guard Iron, Drag and Dropper Bars, T Rail for Coal Roads, Iron Wedges, Flat Rail for Coal Roads, Boiler Iron, Crow Bars, Chain Links, Boiler Heads, Steel and Iron Harrow Teeth, Carriage, Wagon, Seat and Coach Springs, and Axles, all styles; Slab Steel for Plows, Cultivator Steel, Steel Wings and Moulds cut to pattern, Spring Steel all sizes, A. B. Steel and Steel Tire, Steel Crow Bars, Steel Shafting, &c.

ALL GOODS FIRST CLASS AND WARRANTED.

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GODEFFROY BRANCKER & CO.,

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Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Company of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia,) the celebrated

V. G. SPIEGELEISEN

Used so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulpur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy per centage of Manganese.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. ja30:d78

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

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AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
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Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
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The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

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Attorney for the Trustees,

OFFICE, 360 PENN STREET.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d17

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Pennsylvania Iron Works.

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NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1823.

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GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

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☞Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

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THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
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General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

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Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r82

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

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Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:y3

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Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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Dealer in all Kinds of Lumber.

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1,000,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
150,000 feet 1½ and 2 inch Clear Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1½ inch Common Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 feet Dry 2, 2½ and 3 inch Ash.
5,000 ft. Dry 2, 2½, 3 in. Cherry & Maple,
30,000 ft. Dry 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
250,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Scanting;
750,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
40,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
40,000 Fire Brick;
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Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal.

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Consignments are most respectfully solicited.

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Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

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OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,

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BOILER MAKERS

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

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SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

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For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

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THE BEST STOVES.

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Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

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Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

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Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

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MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

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FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," "COLUMBIA COOK STOVE," CANS (Cincinnati Pattern), PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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GET THE BEST.

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TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
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Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

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ap9:o22

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And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop, Wool cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils, Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,

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266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Carbon Oil.

MOVED TO NO. 195 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

White Window Lead, Glass and Glassware at Manufacturers prices. de9

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

CENTRAL AND UNION

PACIFIC RAILWAY BONDS,

The cheapest investment now in the market for sale by

PH. R. MERTZ,

Corner FIFTH AVENUE & WOOD STREETS.

Also, dealer in Government Bonds. Gold and Coupons and European Exchange at market rates. de21

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, February 13, 1868.

The money market reflects the unfavorable bank statement for the past week, showing a falling off in coin, a reduction of over two millions in the loans, a reserve alike amount, besides large shipments of currency South and West. The spring business has commenced; large amounts of coin are withdrawn from the market and go into the cotton houses in payment for imported goods. Thus, the surplus gold is taken out of the market and rates stiffened accordingly, although exchange is still selling very low, and is pressed on the market to realize at once for the shipment of bonds to Europe. It is hardly probable that these large shipments of American securities will be very profitable except to the few who can ship in large amounts enabling them to use the cable for their operations and taking the risk in the transmission of bonds instead of paying the heavy insurance thereon. European markets are likely to be glutted with our securities, and those who have delayed in this matter from the start will most likely find it a losing operation. It remains now to be seen what effect these shipments of bonds will have on the gold premium and the market value of all kinds of investments in funds. Cotton, it is said, has checked the upward tendency of gold, but whether it will not contribute to advance it ultimately to a greater ratio, can hardly be doubted. The adverse trade balance has partially been covered by the sale of our obligations at a low rate, but we have also considerably increased our liabilities abroad, for which we have to pay in gold at a high rate of interest, which, in a period of dustness, will be more difficult to pay. It must be then that we are the losers in interest, but we have gained time and staved off the payment of debts which might as well have been paid on once.

Government bonds are still tending upward, but the advance was entirely too sudden and too great not to bring on a reaction; only in the event of gold going above present quotations would there be any inducement for European capitalists to invest in our bonds, and this the large foreign bankers have well forseen, and sold their sixty-day bills, whilst they brought high prices, and now can ship coin to cover or have their bonds to sell, in either event they make a double profit. The advance in Governments has caused an active demand for Pacific bonds, but the advance in the rates on call loans will prove a check on speculating in these securities.

Stocks are dull and lower, and the long predicted decline is approaching without any special interference by either bear or any other combination.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135¾; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 114⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 114⅜; do 1864, 111½; do 1865, 113½; do 1865, Consols, 110¾; do 1867, 110⅝; do 1868, 110¾; Ten Forties, 109⅜; New York Central, 163¾; Erie, ——; Reading, 94⅜; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 118½; Ohio & Mississippi, 35⅜; Michigan Southern, 94¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 91⅝; Chicago & Rock Island, 81¼; Chicago & North Western, 83¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 91¾; Adams Express Company, 66½; Merchants Union Express, 18⅞; Pacific Mail, 141¼; Western Union Telegraph Company; 37½; Gregory, 2,40; Quartz Hill, 68; Corydon, 10; Smith & Parmele, 2,10.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 135¼; United States Sixes, 1881's, 114⅛; 5-20's, 1862, 114⅜; 5-20's, 1864, 111⅛; 5-20's, 1865, 113¼; 5-20's January and July, 1865, 110⅜, do. 1867, 111⅝; do. 1868, 111⅝; Seven Thirties, par less ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Ten Forties, 109⅞; Union Pacific Railroad, par; Central, 103; Cy. Pacifics, 101½.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, February 13, 1869.

GENERAL REVIEW.

The oil market was firm with a fair volume of business during Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, while yesterday and to-day, there was a weakness apparent, and comparatively little done. Crude has dropped from a cent to a cent and a half during the past two days, and even at the reduction, the demand was by no means urgent, as buyers anticipate a still further reduction. Refined, especially for this month, is off half a cent, while the later months are quiet and unchanged, with but little offering, and no great disposition manifested to either buy or sell. While it is conceded that there has been a slight reaction, operators are not agreed by any means as to the cause for the reaction. Some thought that it was a precursor of a general break and panic, as a natural result of the recent inflated prices, contending that the whole movement was brought about by a bull combination. It was also claimed that having unloaded, to some extent, there is not the same pressure now to keep the market up that there has been, and that it may be the purpose of the "bulls" now to break it down. On the other hand, there were those, equally as well posted, who were of the opinion that the reaction, above noted, will be but temporary, that it will be recovered within a few days again, and that the stocks at all of the leading points are too much reduced to admit of even the possibility of any material decline.

CRUDE.

The Crude market was decidedly offish to-day, especially for immediate delivery, and, compared with yesterday, prices have declined from a half to three-quarters of a cent. We can report sales of 500 bbls, on spot, at 17c; 1000 do at 17¼c; two lots of 1000 each for first water at 17¼c; 1000 till October 1st, seller, at 17½c, and—last evening—5000 bbls till September 1st, seller, at 17c. Oil City telegrams quoted at $6,90 to $7 per barrel.

REFINED

There was not a single operation today, at least, there were none reported, and, as already noted, the market was a little weak, and for this month, prices were a shade lower. February, which sold at 39c yesterday, was quoted to-day at 38¼ to 38½c; March to July or July to December, seller, still quoted at 38c. Buyers option, next six months, 39c, and same option, all year, at 42c.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c
Eclipse Tanners' Stuffing	40c
Eclipse Tanners' Finishing oil	65c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	480	J. Munhall	80
D. M. Edgerton	160	Jas. Wilkins	240
Owston & S.	520		
Total			1480

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Standard Oil Co., 425 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bros. & Co., 152 do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 577

RECAPITULATION.

The receipts of Crude during the week were 11,773 barrels, against 9,705 barrels last week; from January 1st to date, 76,190 barrels, against 121,220 same time last year. Exports of Refined this week, 5,756, barrels, against 3,756 last week; from January 1st to date, 31,517 barrels, against 32,340 barrels same time last year. Sales this week, 139,100 barrels, against 44,200 last week.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, February 13, 1869.

The general markets have been moderately active during the week which has just closed, there having been a slight increase in the volume of business, though there is still an abundance of room for improvement. We can report a fair local demand for most of the leading articles of trade, but with liberal arrivals, stocks are fully up to the requirements of present wants, and there is little or nothing doing outside of this, as there is an almost entire absence of anything like a speculative feeling. In values, there are no changes worthy of special notice.

APPLE BUTTER—Dull at 70@80c.

APPLES—Dull but unchanged; regular sales in store at $5 to $5 per bbl as to quality.

BUTTER—Continues dull, with a good supply and liberal receipts; sales at prime to choice Roll at 35 to 38.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull at 3¾.

BEANS—$3,25 to $3,75 per bushel.

CHEESE—Is firm, and the market is almost bare. Goshen may be quoted at 21 to 22 for Ohio, and 23 to 24 for Ner York. Western Reserve and Hamburg 19 to 20c.

CARBON OIL—Is firm, and in limited supply; may be quoted firm at 34 to 34½, for standard white.

CORNMEAL—$1 to $1,10 per bushel.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at $18 to $20.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches are firm, and in limited supply; quarters 14; mixed 16 and halves 19 to 20. Apples, 11 to 12 cts.

EGGS—Dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand; we quote fresh packed at 20 to 21c.

HAY—There is no improvement to note in the demand, and the market is dull as ever, though prices are unchanged; baled, on Wharf, $20 to $24, for common to strictly prime.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,25 to $6,50.

HEMP—Sales at $210 per ton.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm, with regular sales of Shoulders at 15½c to 16; Ribbed Sides, 17½ to 18c; Clear, 18¾ to 19, and Sugar Cured Hams, 20¼ to 21c. Prime kettle rendered Lard, 21 to 21½c, in tierces, and 22c to 22½c in kegs. Dried Beef, 21½c. Mess Pork, $35,00 to $35,50.

POTATOES—Continued dull, and prices are barely maintained; small sales in store at 80 to 85c.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is steady at $10,00 to $10,50, as to quality. Timothy is unchanged at $3,50, and Flaxseed at $2,40.

SALT—Is quiet but steady, and is still quoted at $2 by the car load.

SORGHUM—60 to 65c.

GRAIN—There is little or no demand for Wheat in this market, and prices are entirely nominal. Oats firm, though the demand is light. Sales on track at 65c to 66c, and in store at 67 to 68c. Rye is in steady demand at $1,45 to $1,47. Corn is firmer, under the influence of diminished receipts, though, as yet, there is no advance; we continue to quote on track at 75 to 80c for mixed to prime Yellow. Barley, also, is in good demand, and prime to choice Spring may be quoted at $2,10 to $2,15.

PEANUTS—Sales 9 to 9½c per lb.

TALLOW—Rendered, 12c.

LARD OIL—Is firm, and may be quoted strong at $1,40 for No. 2, and $1,75 for No. 1.

ONIONS—$5 to $6 per bbl.

FLOUR—The market has been remarkably dull during the past week, and with a limited demand, prices are weak and barely maintained. Spring Wheat brands may be quoted $7 to $7,50, and Winter Wheat, $8,50 to $9,00 per barrel. Rye Flour, $7,50. The Pearl Mill quote their best brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $7,80, and, in sacks, $7,50 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,30, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $9,80, and, in sacks, $9,50 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Highwines are firm and held steadily at the advance, 97 to 98c, in a jobbing way.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FASHIONS FOR FEBRUARY.

(From the New York Evening Post.)

This month there are few changes in suits or evening dresses. The bonnets—pretty combinations of lace, feathers and flowers—are constantly becoming smaller. Meantime the importers and jobbers are preparing for their early spring opening, and milliners and mantua-makers are anxiously waiting the arrival of the new styles, hoping that the new bonnets will be so difficult of formation that no unskilled hand can make them.

EVENING DRESSES.

A beautiful evening dress, made to be worn on a recent grand occasion, was of heavy garnet colored silk, and trimmed with satin a shade lighter than the material. The front and sides of the skirt were gored, the back breadths straight and full, with a very long train, and each seam corded with the material of the dress. The bottom of the skirt had a satin fold an inch wide, and falling to this was a flounce one-quarter of a yard, headed by a puffing of the silk, each edge bound with satin and set on in reversed plaits. The bodice was cut at medium height on the back and shoulders, and quite low in a point in front, to be worn over a lace waist. There was a row of upright scollops of satin around the neck. The sleeves had four satin folds running straight around the hand, and above these was a row of scollops bound with satin. The bow at the back was bound with satin, the ends having two rows of fringe surmounted by folds, one at the ends and the other at half their length.

An attractive evening dress, particularly brilliant in gaslight, is of pale pink silk, having a silvery lustre, the only trimming consisting of flounces of silvery tulle and the bodice trimmed with tulle folds and white silk fringe. This on a graceful figure is an effective dress.

Shot or *chene* silk makes handsome dresses; one of blue and black, recently worn, was very elegant. The skirt was made plain, with long, sweeping train, "Pompadour" bodice, with a fall of heavy fringe around the neck, and the sleeves and sash were trimmed with satin quilling and fringe.

SUITS.

Something new is a suit of black satin, the under skirt having a stripe of satin alternating with a plain stripe, and without trimming. The upper skirt is of plain satin, edged with fringe and festooned at the sides and seams of the front breadth by rosettes of satin. Over this is worn a close fitting sack, the short skirt festooned and also trimmed with tassel fringe.

Another suit is of heavy black silk, the skirt trimmed with narrow satin folds; the over skirt has the front breadth in form of an apron, rounding up from the centre, with the gored side-breadths lapping over it, and turned back in *revers* trimmed with folds. This skirt is open at the back, and joined by bands of satin with satin buttons at the ends; heavy netting fringe, headed by satin folds, is set around the bottom of the skirt; the bodice is plain, with fringe across the shoulders, and satin buttons in front.

An elegant walking costume, and somewhat novel, is a black silk; the skirt plain and a sack with the skirt short in front, sloping away deep at the back, and trimmed with folds and fringe. A cape is joined at the neck in front, from which it slopes down over the arm, and below the waist at the back is also trimmed with fringe. Another suit has the skirt trimmed with garnet silk set on in squares. The upper skirt is quite long, open about three-eighths of a yard at the seams, the corners turned up in *revers* faced with garnet silk and edged with black lace. This suit has a small round cape trimmed with lace.

A novelty is a purple velvet with satin folds, and a round cape, caught up in the back with rosettes of purple satin; the sash ends have rosettes of satin.

MORNING ROBES.

A superb morning dress is of purple poplin, the skirt gored and trained, with two rows of narrow fringe, the heading in variegated colors, each side of the satin buttons in front, and extending over the shoulders. A striped silk of brown and lavender is trimmed with dark brown silk bands, with buttons to match. A shot poplin was neatly made and trimmed, but was not pretty, though the material was good, the colors giving it a common appearance. But the neatest of all morning robes is a white alpaca, trimmed with narrow scarlet velvet, the *revers* at the throat faced with white satin.

A Relic of Benjamin Franklin.

The Chicago *Evening Journal* says it is indebted to C. B. Nelson, Esq., of that city, for the privilege of presenting to the public, for the first time, the following beautiful and characteristic memorial of Dr. Franklin. It was written to Miss E. Hubbard:

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12, 1756.

DEAR CHILD: I condole with you. We have lost a most dear and valuable relation, but it is the will of God and Nature, that these mortal bodies be laid aside when the soul is to enter into real life. Existing here on earth is scarcely to be called life. 'Tis rather an embryo state—a preparation to living, and man is not completely born until he is dead. Why, then, should we grieve that a new child is born among the immortals—a new member added to their society? We are spirits. That bodies should be lent to us while they can afford us pleasure, assist us in acquiring knowledge, or in doing good to our fellow creatures, is a kind and benevolent act of God. When they become unfit for their purposes; and afford us pain instead of pleasure, instead of an aid become an incumbrance, and answer none of the intentions for which they were given, it is equally kind and benevolent that a way is provided by which we may get rid of them. That way is death. We ourselves, prudently in some cases, choose a partial death. A mangled, painful limb, which cannot be restored, we willingly cut off. He that plucks out a tooth parts with it freely, since the pain goes with it; and he that quits the whole body parts with all pains and possibility of pains and diseases it was liable to or capable of making him suffer. Our friend and we are invited abroad on a party of pleasure that is to last forever. His chair* was first ready, and he has gone before us. We could not conveniently all start together, and why should you and I be grieved at this, since we are soon to follow, and we know where to find him?

Adieu, my dear, good child, and believe that I shall be, in every state, your affectionate papa,

BENJ. FRANKLIN.

*Alluding to sedan chairs, then in fashionable use.

Improved Method of Casting Iron Pipes.

A recent German journal contains a notice of a pipe foundry near Nancy, in France, in which certain improvements over German methods are pointed out, and which may be of interest to our readers, although substantially the same practice, in many respects, has been for some time in use in the United States. The advantage claimed, among others, is greater despatch, inasmuch as a tube can be moulded and cast in two hours' time, or four or five in a day, from one box, instead of requiring twenty-four hours.

The boxes for casting the tubes in the establishment in question are set up on end, in a semi-circle, around a crane that commands the whole of them, and consists of two semi-cylindrical jointed portions connected by pins. At their lower end is a valve, serving to close the tube, while a conical depression in the middle receives the spindle of the pattern and of the core, exactly centering them. Tubes of different sizes are provided, so that there need not be more than one and a half or two inches space between the pattern and the walls, and the labor of stamping is thus diminished, Small apertures are, of course, left in the tubes, to permit the escape of the gases. The mould is made in the usual manner, the patterns being of smooth and polished iron, and turned around once on its axis, before being withdrawn, by means of the crane. Heated gaseous matter (the product of combustion) is then admitted from the furnace into and through the tube until the sand is perfectly dry, which takes place in from one to two hours. The core is then inserted, and the casting effected. The connection between the furnace and the casting tubes is established by means of a slide or valve.

Meteors in Sweden.

On New Year's Day, meteoric stones were seen to fall on the estate of Count Van Essen, in Upland, and to the South of Upsala the peasants of many of the villages, on their return from attending divine service at the parish churches, distinctly heard in the air above them three loud detonations, followed by a hissing noise, which lasted, according to their account, for more than a minute, when several stones were seen to fall on a surface of a small lake they were passing. Many of these were picked up, and found to be still warm; others had made holes in the ice and had sunk to the bottom, either from their greater size and weight, or from still retaining sufficient heat to melt the ice on which they fell. The stones picked up have sharp edges with slightly curling horns, and on the outside are of a dark color, as if they had been exposed to a violent heat, whilst the interior is grey, much resembling the rock of this country known by German geologists as *gravacke*. The largest that have been picked up are the size of a man's fist, others are not bigger than a walnut. Several fell so close to the church goers that they were immediately picked up and brought away. The women were much frightened at the unusual phenomenon. About a dozen of the fragments have been forwarded to Stockholm, where they have been recognized as genuine meteoric stones, and are to be analyzed.

A CORRESPONDENT of *Wilkes' Spirit*, writing from Logansville, this State, tells the following story, which, he says, is vouched for by some of the most respectable citizens in that neighborhood: The victor of this singular combat was Jacob Karstetter, Esq., an old resident of the county, and who is well known for his unerring aim, strong nerves, and great endurance. He served in the late war from beginning to end, and, although beyond the age required by law, he offered his services from pure love of adventure and patriotism. He is a man of wealth, and consequently not a hireling soldier. But now to the fight; he was rather rude to a dog owned by a sporting man, who told him he had better take care or the dog would bite him. The dog was a large bull, and uncommonly ferocious. The gentleman remarked, "he would bet five dollars he could get down on all fours, fight and whip the dog, in dog fashion, and not touch him with his hands." The bet was taken at once. Down went Karstetter, who commenced a series of growls, and made a forward motion toward the dog. The dog, seconded and hissed on by his owner, at once opened the fight, neither intimidated or frightened by the unearthly growls, shouts, snarls and exclamation of his antagonist, but seizing him by the left cheek drew first blood in good style. After a moment Karstetter got the upper hold and changed his base; he actually got the dog by the ear and shook him so severely that the dog cried out with terror, and after he was sufficiently punished his tormentor let him go, when he made off as fast as his legs would carry him, howling with pain.

THE abandonment of the S. N. Pike enterprise to reclaim the marshes between Jersey City and Newark has resulted in making fever and ague prevalent in the latter place. "The Pike Company," says the Newark *Advertiser*, "built a strong dyke, but becoming dissatisfied with their prospects they abandoned the work, and compromised with the contractor by paying him $40,000. The result is that the meadows are now shut out from the ebb and flow of the tides, the rain that falls within them remains standing, and malaria is the result. We have now a stagnant pool of fresh water, many square miles in extent, lying all along the eastern boundary of our city, and it is hardly possible that such a cause should fail to noticeably increase our death rate. The remedy, however, is easy and cheap. Without breaking down the dykes, for they will be wanted yet, the gates at all the leading creeks and sluices should be opened, permitting the free overflow of the meadows at every tide, changing the waters constantly and making them again healthy."

A LITTLE incident which occurred recently will show the extent to which the Wall street brokers carry their theory of borrowed capital, and the clever dodges to which they resort to avoid paying taxes justly due the Government. A banking-house, of no mean pretensions in the street, reports, month by month, no capital, and swears to the statement. The assessor inquires, from curiosity, perhaps, how they manage to do the very large business attributed to the house without capital. The ready answer is, "We borrow our capital." The assessor, still curious, says, "How much?" "Five hundred thousand dollars." "Of whom did you borrow it?" The firm is composed of two brothers, named William and John, and the answer to the question is, "The house borrowed $250,000 from William and $250,000 from John."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. an28:y28

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja19:d&T

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL. BUY ONLY SILVER TIPPED SHOES. For children. Will outwear three pairs without tips. ja28:d65-TuThS

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS *FOR THE MILLION.*

AT

SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkably low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and anklet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. no24

BY A. LEGGATE.

AT AUCTION.

WAREHOUSES.

South Canal Street, Allegheny,

ON LINE OF W. P. R. R.

There will be sold at Auction, THURSDAY, February 18, at 2 o'clock P. M., that valuable business property, Nos. 116 and 117 SOUTH CANAL STREET, corner of Walnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny City. The lot is 50 feet front on South Canal street and 141 feet on Walnut street. The building is a substantial brick, formerly the Fourth Ward Public School, converted into three spacious warehouses, with dwelling, carriage house, stabling, and all appliances for conducting Produce, Grocery, Commission, Forwarding or similar business. Can be easily applied to manufacturing purposes. Being on the line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, and near to the Chestnut Street Station, adds to the value of the position for many purposes. A careful inspection of the premises and surrounding advantages is respectfully solicited. A very liberal credit may be made in this property. For terms and particulars, call on

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
fe12 159 Federal Street, Allegheny.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

INSURANCE, SLEEPING CAR, NAVIGATION, AND EAGLE COTTON MILLS,

TUESDAY EVENING, February 16th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on Second Floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

40 shares Eureka Insurance Co.;
10 shares Citizens Insurance Co.;
40 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.;
50 shares Eagle Cotton Mills Co.;
25 shares Monongahela Navigation Co.;
50 shares Central Transportation (sleeping car stock.)

fe12 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Levying a City, Poor and Business Tax for the Year 1869, and Establishing the Rates of Vehicle License and Appropriating the Revenue Arising Therefrom.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That there shall be assessed, levied and collected from the persons, professions, trades and property in and of the city of Allegheny made taxable by law, a tax of twelve mills on the dollar on the county valuation for the use of the city aforesaid; also three mills on the dollar for the support of the Poor of the city; also, there is hereby assessed and levied for the present year a tax of one mill on the dollar (for use of the city) upon the gross receipts of the annual sales of all goods, wares and merchandize, and upon all articles of trade and commerce sold in the city, whether sold by auction or otherwise; Provided, all persons whose sales do not amount to $1,000 shall be exempt.

SEC. 2. For each and every wagon, cart, car, dray, buggy or carriage, or other vehicle drawn by one horse, the sum of.....$6.00

For each and every one of the above named vehicles drawn by two horses, the sum of.....$10 00

For each of the above drawn by four horses, the sum of.....$12.00

For each and every hack drawn by two horses, the sum of.....$12 00

For each and every omnibus or timber wheels, drawn by two horses, the sum of.....$15 00

For each additional horse attached to any of the above named vehicles, the sum of.....$1.00

SEC. 3. That the receipts into the Treasury arising from taxes, water rents, markets, forfeitures, licenses, and other sources, be and the same are hereby appropriated to the following purposes:

No. 1.	Salaries	$ 11,940 00
" 2.	Interest	24,707 06
" 3.	Engines and Firemen	25,000 00
" 4.	Printing	3,000 00
" 5.	Streets and Bridges	24,000 00
" 6.	Wharves and Landings	4,000 00
" 7.	Spring Fund	5,500 00
" 8.	Police	33,563 75
" 9.	Contingent Fund	25,000 00
" 10.	Poor Farm (proceeds of three mill levy)	34,100 00
" 11.	Water Works	20,247 09
" 12.	Unpaid Claims	9,000 00
" 13.	Gas Lamps	
" 14.	Sinking Fund for 4 per cent. Bonds	24,983 20
" 15.	Interest and redemption Wharf Bonds	3,528 17
	Bills payable	45,830 00
		$288,400 27

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS FOR 1869.

City Taxes	$ 84,700 00
Water Rents	90,000 00
Business Tax	12,000 00
Markets	15,000 00
Weigh Scales	6,000 00
Wood and Hark	700 00
Vehicle License	8,000 00
Sale of Ferrules	2,000 00
Measuring Boards	500 00
Regulating Lots	1,000 00
Fines and Forfeitures	2,000 00
Ground Rents from Seminary Property	4,200 00
Rents of Water Works	300 00
Rent of Postoffice Rooms	500 00
P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.	3,400 00
P., A. & M. P. R. W.	800 00
Delinquent Taxes and Loans	10,394 20
Proceeds of Water Main Bonds	36,000 00
Sewer Claims	12,906 07
	$288,400 27

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance conflicting with or supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the Eleventh day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. fe12

WINDOW SHADES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW

TRANSPARENT & OPAQUE SHADES,

JUST RECEIVED,

At 107 Market Street.

NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

fe6

EXECUTORS' SALE.

SHOE STORE.

The stock, good will, lease and fixtures of shoe store of the late J. F. McCall, Esq., 332 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Best location in the city, and doing a prosperous business. For further particulars inquire at 334 Liberty street.

EMMA M. McCALL,
J. D. RAMALEY,
fe5:el5 Executors.

NOTICES.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, February 11th, 1869.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

to all OWNERS OF DRAYS, CARTS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., (whether resident or non resident,) in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at this office FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved March 30, 1860, and an ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1869, will be placed in the hands of a police officer for collection, subject to a collection fee of 50 cents, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty double the amount of the license, to be recovered before the Mayor.

The old metal plates of last year must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or 25 cents additional will be charged on each License.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each one horse vehicle	$ 7.50
Each two horse vehicle	12.00
Each four horse vehicle	15.00
Each two horse hack	15.00

Omnibus and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses, $18.00 each. One dollar extra will be charged for each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles.

A. J. COCHRAN,
fe12:d46:MWF City Treasurer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, February 13, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of

CENTRE STREET, from Forty-fourth to Forty-fifth street;

LOCUST ALLEY, from Fountain street to Forty-first street;

ALMOND ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad;

FOSTER ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad;

Will be received at this office until SATURDAY, February 27, 1869.

Specifications and Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be received unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

R. J. MOORE,
fe13 City Engineer.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the City of Allegheny for GRADING AND PAVING are hereby notified to call and pay their assessments to the undersigned, on or before the 18th day of February. After the above date all claims remaining unpaid will be placed in the hands of the City Solicitor for collection, with costs added.

Office in the second story of City Hall. Hours for business from 8 to 9 A. M. and 1 to 2 P. M.

THOMAS MEGRAW,
Street Commissioner.
ALLEGHENY, Feb. 3, 1869. fe3:d94

TO BUILDERS.—"Separate Proposals, addressed to the Commissioners for the Erection of City Hall," will be received at the office of the Commissioners, No. 66 SMITHFIELD STREET, until MONDAY, the 1st day of March next, for the

Stone Work, Brick Work, Iron Work and Carpenter Work,

Required in the erection of the new City Hall according to the plans and specifications of the same, which can be seen at the office of J. W. KERR, Architect, in Appolo Building, No. 80 Fourth Avenue, where all requisite information will be given.

fe8 THOMAS STEEL, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CARPENTERS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, February 10, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY, the 15th inst., for planking the yard of the

SECOND WARD CATTLE SCALES.

SPECIFICATIONS:

The entire yard to be covered with the best quality of Pine Grub Plank laid close on plank sleepers, three feet from center to center, solidly bedded in the ground and filled up level between the planking to be well spiked down. The planking to run across the yard and to be headed on the sleepers.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.
fe10:e30

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, February 4th, 1869.

NOTICE OF SEWER BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the construction of a public sewer on Fifth or Pennsylvania avenue, from Washington street to Dinwiddie street, about twenty seven hundred feet (2700,) and also for a public sewer on Diamond alley, from the Wood street sewer to Smithfield street, will be received at this office until SATURDAY, February 20, 1869. Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had by calling at this office. No bids will be received by the Committee unless made out on the regular blanks.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Feb. 6, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessments for the partial grading of

DINWIDDIE STREET,

from Pennsylvania avenue to Centre avenue is now ready for examination, and will remain in this office until TUESDAY, February 16, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
fe6:el7 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, February 4, 1869.

NOTICE TO FOUNDRYMEN.—Sealed Proposals for furnishing the City of Pittsburgh, with castings for the catchbasins required in the sewers now about being contracted for, will be received at this office until SATURDAY, Feb. 20, 1869.

Specifications can be seen at this office. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
fe5:e4

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, February 10, 1869.

FLOOD GATE.—SEALED Proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock, P. M., on the 15th instant, for making and attaching a FLOOD GATE to the Belmont Street sewer. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the City Engineer, Chas. Davis, Esq., under whose supervision the work must be done.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.
fe10:e31

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, February 9th, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the partial grading of Mahon street, from Kirkpatrick street to Soho street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, February 19, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

fe9:e24 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

PERRY STREET.—The undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for OPENING PERRY STREET, from its eastern terminus to meet the Troy Hill Road, will meet on the premises on MONDAY, 15th day of February, at 4½ o'clock P. M., to attend to the duties of their appointment.

J. J. HERMAN,
THOMAS SMITH, } Viewers.
L. WALTER,
ja27:d61

WEBSTER STREET.—We, the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of widening WEBSTER STREET, Second ward, Allegheny, from Benton alley to North Common, will meet on the premises on MONDAY, the 15th day of February, at 3 o'clock P. M., to attend to the duties of our appointment.

S. BULFORD,
ja27:d63 LEONARD WALTER.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

115 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

WASTE OF HYDRANT WATER.

The undersigned deems it his duty to inform consumers of Hydrant Water in the city of Pittsburgh that extensive and highly important changes in the machinery at the Lower Water Works will require, for the present, careful use and strict prevention of the waste of water.

Railroad companies and other large consumers must use strict economy in use of water for all purposes, and the use of all street washers and fire plugs, except in case of fire, must be suspended until further notice.

JOSEPH FRENCH,
fe3 Superintendent Water Works.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE

ECONOMY BUTTER CO.

ask the attention of all interested in the reduction of the extravagant cost of Butter, to their practical and economical system of making pure prime Butter by the aid of the

EXTRACT OF BUTTER PLANT.

A brief allusion to the origin of this important discovery may not prove uninteresting. Among the authentic records of the renowned Captain Cook's voyage around the world, is found the statement, that while sojourning for a short time on the Brazilian Coast of South America, he observed the natives using, in the preparation of their food, a peculiar oil, which, upon examination, he found to possess the appearance, taste and flavor of Butter; upon further inquiry, however, he ascertained that it was simply a substance that the natives distilled in a crude and imperfect manner, from a rich and luxuriant plant that grew spontaneously and abundantly in that warm tropical country. A few years ago, an eminent French chemist, while on a professional visit to the tropics, made numerous experiments with this remarkable production of nature, and succeeded in extracting a concentrated essence of the plant. The formula for its preparation, and the Sole Right for its sale in this country are the exclusive property of this Company, by whom it was purchased from the original discoverer. We claim for this remarkable, yet simple and perfectly harmless preparation—

1st.—That by its use a net gain of from 30 to 200 per cent. is made in the manufacture of Butter.

2d.—That Butter, which from age or whatever cause, may be strong, rancid, streaked or coarse-grained, and comparatively useless for general use, by the aid of this Extract, is restored to its original freshness and sweetness, fine-grain, and even color.

3d.—By the use of this Extract, one pound of delicious, fresh Butter is actually made from one pint of milk.

4th.—That a pure and excellent table Butter can be made, at a cost of from 15 to 20 cents per pound. The chief expense wherein being Butter, which is the essential *base*.

5th.—That Butter manufactured by the aid of this Extract is equal in every respect to the best Butter made by the ordinary method.

6th.—The Extract after thorough analysis, by able chemists, is pronounced perfectly free from any deleterious substance, the ingredients being purely of a vegetable nature.

8th.—In proof of the foregoing assertions, the factory of this company is making one ton of Butter per day, which meets with ready sale in the New York Market, and is consumed from the tables of the first Hotels, Restaurants and Private families in this city and elsewhere.

A sample package of the Extract (sufficient to make 30 lbs. of Butter) with full directions for use, will be sent to any address on receipt of $1.

CAUTION.—As articles of real merit are subject to spurious imitations, we would specially caution the public against counterfeits and worthless imitations, advertised as powders, compounds, &c., as the Extract of the Butter Plant is prepared and sold only by

The Economy Butter Co.

OFFICE, 115 LIBERTY STREET.
FACTORY, 236 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

State, County and City Rights for sale, offering to capitalists rare opportunities for establishing a staple business, paying *enormous* profits.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

M. CADART'S *Pure Vegetable Coloring*, 21 a pound, sufficient to give a rich, golden yellow to 200 lbs. of White Butter; 50 cents per sample package, sent to any address. No Farmer should be without it, as white and streaky Butter is worth from six to ten cents a pound less in all markets than that of a rich yellow fe8:e16

PROPOSALS FOR

TRANSPORTING SALT.

SEALED PROPOSALS for transporting all the Salt manufactured by the Ohio River Salt Company, for one or five years from January 1 1869, will be received up to 12 o'clock M. of the 20th day of February, 1869.

The party to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish good, staunch, seaworthy tonnage, consisting of barges and steamboats, such as pass good inspection and are in every respect fully equipped with lines and tackle and manned with competent officers and crew.

The Salt to be transported will be delivered from the sheds on the furnace yards of the Company, will be put up in barrels containing 280 lbs. net each, or in barrels of 7 bushels each, or in bags containing 2½ or 3 bushels each. Proposals made should state the price of freight on each kind of package.

The party to whom the contract may be awarded will receive the salt at the furnace yards, will load, transport, unload and deliver the salt on the landings at the following places:

Pittsburgh, Penn.; Wheeling, Steubenville, Bridgeport, Bellair, Marietta, Portsmouth, Ripley and Cincinnati, Ohio; Wellsburg, Wheeling and Parkersburg, West Virginia; Maysville, Covington, Louisville, Smithland, Paducah, Henderson, Columbus and Hickman, Kentucky, Madison, Jeffersonville, New Albany and Evansville, Indiana; Cairo, East St. Louis, Alton and Quincy, Illinois; Clarksville, Nashville and Memphis, Tennessee; St. Louis and Hannibal, Missouri.

Parties making proposals may include the whole territory to be supplied in one bid, for either one or five years, or may make separate bids for one or five years, on portions of the territory divided as follows:

1. From Pomeroy to all points to and including Pittsburgh, Pa.

2. From Pomeroy to all points to and including Louisville, Ky.

3. From Pomeroy, Ohio, to all points on the Ohio river between Louisville, Kentucky, and Cairo, Ill.

4. From Pomeroy, Ohio, to Clarksville and Nashville, Tenn.

5. From Pomeroy, Ohio, to all points on the Mississippi river, including Cairo, Ill.

The minimum stage of water that parties will be required to freight salt, will be when towboats can leave Pomeroy safely with barges drawing three and one-half feet of water, and tow such places as they can be reasonably expected to reach with barges of that draught.

The Ohio river Salt Company will, as far as possible, give reasonable tows, though they will not positively contract full tows to each point.

The party to whom any portion, or the whole of the contract, may be awarded, will be required to give satisfactory bonds for the faithful performance of his contract.

Bids may be sealed and addressed to Hon. V. B. HORTON, Pomeroy, Ohio, and should be marked "Proposals for Transporting Salt."

The Ohio River Salt Company reserve the right to reject any or all the bids that may be offered.

THE OHIO RIVER SALT COMPANY OFFER

FOR SALE

All of their large stock of BARGES, FLOATS, GANGWAYS, TARPAULINS, LINE and TACKLE, and the entire stock of articles used in loading and transporting salt; and to such as make acceptable bids, will give the privilege of paying for their purchases in freighting the salt.

OHIO RIVER SALT COMPANY,
R. R. HUDSON, Sec. and Treas.
POMEROY, O., January 11, 1869. ja25:d31-M

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,315,804 61.

Open daily, from 9 to 3 o'clock; also on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen,	A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. F. Fahnestock,	Robert Robb,
James Herdman,	John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley,	James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds,	Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson,	Robert C. Loomis
Calvin Adams,	Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bladley,	Peter A. Madeira,
George Black,	John Marshall,
Hill Bargwin,	Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier,	John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton,	Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie,	Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven,	Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker,	William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays,	Isaac Whittier,
James D. Kelly,	Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING of a superior quality; also round leather Belting of different sizes. A large stock on hand at the lowest prices.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
fe8 26 and 28 Sixth Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON.
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

Last week of the engagement of the favorite and versatile artiste,

ETTIE HENDERSON.

MONDAY EVENING, February 15th, 1869, will be presented Lester Wallack's beautiful five act romance of

ROSEDALE, OR THE RIFLE BALL.

Rosa Leigh.....Ettie Henderson.

The exclusive right to produce this play in the city having been purchased by the management from Mr. Wallack.

Saturday—Grand Family Matinee.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS.....Lessee
DR. J. L. THAYER.....Manager.
FRANK J. HOWE.....Equestrian Director.

DR. JAMES L. THAYER'S GREAT CIRCUS

Will open for a short season on WEDNESDAY EVENING, February 17th, introducing the LARGEST AND BEST TROUPE OF GYMNASTS, ACROBATS, &c., ever presented to a Pittsburgh audience.

The Manager takes pleasure in informing his many friends in this city that they may rely upon witnessing a FIRST-CLASS EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCE, embracing the best talent in the country.

MATINEES every Wednesday and Saturday afternoons for the especial benefit of Ladies and Children. Circus Performance every evening.

For full particulars see small bills. fe13

SMYTHE'S AMERICAN THEATRE.

(Late TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.)

MONDAY EVENING, February 15th, 1869, first appearance of GURB, THE MAN-FISH! Eats, Smokes and Drinks under water; the wonder of the 19th Century. The Ollo Company in a brilliant programme. Re-engagement for positively six nights only of Mr. E. Morley and his laughable Punch and Judy. The Corps de Ballet and Comedians. The beautiful drama of BLACK EYED SUSAN.

BURNELL'S MUSEUM

AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,

The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.

Open Day and Evening, all the year round. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

1 Acre at Woods Run.
4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
2 Acres on Greensburg Pike.
5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road 1¼ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
90 Acres at Hill Side Station, Pa. R. R.
4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia.
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
House and Lot on Vicroy street.
House and Lot in East Liberty.
House and Lot in Mansfield.
House and Lot on Carroll street, Allegheny.
House and Lot on Beaver avenue.
2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Houses and Lot on Franklin street.
1 House of 9 Rooms and 2 Lots on Roberts St.
Farms in Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
Coal Lands in Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Beaver counties in Penna.

TO-LET.

3	Houses of 9	Rooms	in the	17th	ward; rent	$500
3	do. of 3	do.	do.	17th	do. do.	144
2	do. of 3	do.	do.	14th	do. do.	156
2	do. of 6	do.	do.	8th	do. do.	360
1	do. of 6	do.	do.	8th	do. do.	300
1	do. of 9	do.	do.	2d	do. do.	600
1	do. of 3	do.	do.	6th	do. do.	192
1	do. of 5	do.	do.	6th	do. do.	240
1	do. of 4	do

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Adjourned Meeting.—An adjourned meeting of the Allegheny City Councils will be held to-morrow evening at seven o'clock.

But few days more and winter will be over—unless it should happen to "linger in the lap of spring." It always does so in poetry.

Yesterday was St. Valentine's Day. It passed off quietly, and was very generally observed, the churches being well attended and the front doors of all taverns being closed.

An Unaccepted Gift.—A basket containing a male child, about five months of age, was left on the steps of Mr. Campbell Herron's residence, Union avenue, Friday evening. The little stranger found a home under the care of the Guardians of the Poor.

Donation.—The friends and members of the Beaver Street M. E. Church, Allegheny, visited the parsonage on Thursday evening last, and after spending an hour or two in pleasant social intercourse departed, leaving the pastor, Rev. J. W. Baker, richer by $140 in cash and a number of valuable presents.

Important to Tobacco Men.—It should be borne in mind by all tobacco owners and dealers that all stocks on hand of smoking and fine-cut chewing tobacco must, in compliance with the law, be stamped on and after to-day. All the tobacco of the kind described discovered unstamped on or after the date named, is, by law, forfeited to the United States.

Market Basket Stolen.—An adroit thief stole the basket of a lady in the Diamond Market, on Saturday, by which he secured provisions amounting in value to fifteen dollars. The basket had been placed at the side of a butcher's stall while the lady was making a purchase, and while her attention was attracted the thief secured his booty. No trace of him could be discovered.

Paid Fire Department.—At a meeting of the Allegheny Fire Company, held Saturday evening at the Allegheny Engine House, Wm. J. Moorhead presiding, the matter of a paid Fire Department was fully discussed, after which a resolution in favor of a paid department and requesting the members of Councils from the Fourth ward to vote for the approval of the act establishing the same was unanimously adopted.

Pick Pocket Arrested.—Saturday evening David B. Opey was arrested in Congress Hall, a drinking saloon on Grant street, near Second avenue, charged with picking a man's pocket. He was searched and the pocket book containing eleven dollars and fifteen cents was found in his possession. After a hearing before the Mayor he was held to bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

Alleged Larceny.—John Harris was arrested on Fifth avenue, Saturday morning, by officers Herron and Irwin, independent police, upon an information for larceny preferred against him, about a month since, by a resident of McKeesport. The property alleged to have been stolen consists of a watch and chain. Officer Herron telegraphed the fact of Harris's arrest to McKeesport, and had the prisoner locked up in jail to await an answer.

St. Patrick's Day.—A meeting of Irishmen was held at Philo Hall on Saturday evening, relative to the celebration of St. Patrick's Day. The meeting was organized by calling Dr. E. Donnelly to to the chair. It was resolved to have a procession, and a committee of arrangements, consisting of one from each ward and from the different boroughs, was appointed. The committee will meet at Philo Hall Tuesday evening, and a public meeting will be held Saturday evening.

Burglary.—Saturday or Sunday morning a house on Liberty street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, was entered by burglars and a gold watch and other articles to the value of $200 carried away. It is not known how the burglars effected an entrance to the house, but the supposition is that they gained admittance early in the evening, before the house was closed and secreted themselves until after the inmates had retired and were asleep.

A Nuisance.—The attention of the Street Commissioner is called to the fact that the side walk on the south side of Fifth avenue, below Ross and High streets, is in a very bad condition. It has never been paved, and in wet weather, such as we are now enjoying, is a public nuisance. How this matter has escaped the attention of the vigilant Street Commissioner of that district, we are not prepared to say, nor can we see why this side walk should not be paved as well as those in other portions of the city. It should receive his attention.

Highway Robbery.

About five o'clock Friday morning a market man, while on his way to the Diamond Market, was accosted by two men on Fifth avenue, near Wood street, one of whom held him while the other relieved him of his gold watch and pocket-book containing one hundred and twenty dollars. He resisted and in the scuffle one of the villains was knocked down, after which the victim started in pursuit of the other, who had made off with the plunder, and followed him so closely as to recover his watch, which the thief dropped and was too hotly pursued to pick it up. Both the thieves escaped and took with them the $120.

Newspaper Circulation.

The *Leader* yesterday presented its readers with a statement, compiled from the official books of the United States Assessor, of the returns of the daily papers of moneys received from subscriptions during the last three-quarters of 1868, and proceeded to argue therefrom that the *Commercial*, whose returns from that source were the largest, had a better circulation than either one of its contemporaries. The law compelling such return to be made, authorizes an abatement of $5,000 from the gross amount, and the GAZETTE proprietors in making the statement availed themselves of their legal privileges, furnishing a *net* account. In justice to ourselves we make the statement, and add that inasmuch as our paper is supplied to carriers, agents and newsboys at about one half the rates charged by the *Commercial* to parties selling and distributing it, the figures do not afford any fair idea of the relative circulation of the city journals. The same discrepancy will account for the fact that the *Dispatch* returns are but a little over one half that of the *Commercial*, and applies likewise to the *Chronicle* and *Post*, all being much cheaper papers than the one figuring highest on the list.

We have ever held that we make the largest and cheapest newspaper in the State, and, if the returns show anything, it is that the GAZETTE proprietors furnish their journal at a cost to patrons, little, if any, exceeding that of the mere paper on which it is printed.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

SATURDAY, February 13.—The case of the United States vs. Charles H. Miller *alias* Charles H. Shaffer, indicted for perjury, still occupies the attention of the Court.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

SATURDAY, February 13.—No business of importance was transacted in this Court.

Following is the trial list for to-day:

32. Milliken & Co. vs. Chrissinger.
149. Old list—Miller & Co. vs. Tilton.

NEW LIST No. 2.

19. Russell vs. Robbs, adm'r.
42. Marshall vs. Anderson & Craig.
42½. Bell vs. Anderson & Craig.
53. Dravo vs. McClarren.
60. Hill vs. Ferguson et al.
9. McVey vs. Wilson et al.
24. Haigh for use vs. Rodgers.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, February 13.—In the case of Dixon vs. Dixon, subpœna in divorce, S. A McClung appointed Commissioners to take testimony.

The Third ward, Allegheny, contested election case was argued by Thos. Ewing and E. A. Montooth, Esqs., for the petitioner and W. C. Moreland, and J. H. Kerr, Esqs., for respondents, and J. E. McKelvy, Esq., appointed Commissioner to take testimony.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

No. 37. Hoffman vs. Richenbaugh.
No. 90. Lang vs. Setzer et al.
No. 95. Campbell vs. Downey.
No. 99. O'Neill vs. Pittock et al.
No. 34. Saulsberry vs. McCallum.
No. 49. Rabenstein vs. Bihringer.
No. 51. Fahnestock vs. Heath.
No. 56. Collins et al vs. Rea.
No. 76. Wible vs. Bill.
No. 84. Smith vs. Jacobs.
No. 88. Toner vs. Kearney's exr's.
No. 94. Dannels vs. Carson, Darlington & Co.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

SATURDAY, February 13.—The usual number of motions were disposed of and the following sentences passed:

Philip Hass, convicted of assault and battery on Peter M'Guire, was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs.

Jacob Bear, convicted of malicious mischief in breaking Jacob Born's buck wagon by driving against it with a heavy wagon, was sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars and costs of prosecution.

Tired of Life—Suicide—Coroner's Inquest.

The body of Amanda Matthews, a young woman, was found Friday evening in a field near Harmarsville Station, on the West Penna. railroad, about twelve miles above Allegheny city. It appears that the deceased formerly resided with Mr. Weiss, near the station. She was a dress maker, and on Friday morning came to the city as she stated to find employment, but must have returned again during the afternoon. She was observed about crossing the field toward Mr. Weiss' house, but was not seen again until her body was found, about two hours later. The body was removed to the house of Mr. W. and the Coroner notified, and on Saturday he held an inquest on the body, when the following facts were developed: The deceased was a single woman about twenty-four years of age, was the mother of one child, a little boy some three years old, and was *enciente*. A bottle containing prussic acid and the following note, among other things, were found in the pocket of her dress:

"EVA: I have been very sick all day. I do not know if I will live to get home or not, for I know that I must die. I have felt so all day, so I got my clothes sent up on the train. They will be in the Station at Harmarsville. And oh, ever be good to Jemmie, when I am gone. The Doctor says there is no help for me, for he says it is an overflow of blood to the heart. I cannot write any more.

AMANDA.

"I now write this in the Allegheny Station house. Now I can go no further."

The jury returned a verdict of "death from the effects of poison, administered by her own hands."

Retrenchment—North and South Fayette Townships on the Pasters and Folders.

The citizens of North and South Fayette townships held a public meeting at Oakdale on last Friday evening, to express their views on the subject of State retrenchment. J. P. Ewing, Esq., presided, and Mr. J. W. Nesbitt acted as Secretary. Resolutions were adopted, denouncing as betrayers of the people's trust those members who voted to increase the House officers, and commending the Senators who took grounds in opposition to the movement; approving the action of the State Treasurer for refusing to pay the pasters and folders, and concluding as follows:

Resolved, That we have good reason to believe that there are always to be found a number of persons at our State Capital, when the Legislature is in session, who have no particular business there, unless it be to watch their opportunity to procure a portion of the people's money. If these persons persist in hanging around our State House, preying upon the Treasury, and exercising their pernicious influence on Legislation, we would recommend that an act be passed whereby they can be supported at less expense to the public.

Amusements.

The different places of amusement were well patronized Saturday night. At the Opera House Ettie Henderson was the attraction, in "Kathleen Mavoureen," "Katty O'Shea" and "Ben Bolt." To-night she will appear in the *role* of Rosa Leigh in "Rosedale."

The Old Theatre was filled to its utmost capacity, to witness the closing entertainment of the Gregory troupe. This establishment will be closed to-night in order to make the necessary preparations for the Circus, which opens Wednesday night.

SMYTHE'S AMERICAN THEATRE was largely attended. The house was crowded from pit to gallery, and there was not a foot of room unoccupied. The etertainment was as usual, an excellent one. To-night Guhr, the fish-man makes his first appearance in this city at the American.

Presentation to Chief Butler.

Saturday evening Alderman Butler, Chief of Police, was presented by a number of his subordinates with a beautiful easy chair, as an indication of the confidence they repose in him. The ceremony was brief and formal, Wm. Linn, Esq., tendering the gift on behalf of the police, and David Reed, Esq., accepting it for the Chief, both gentlemen making remarks appropriate to the occasion. The talking over, those present partook of a collation, gotten up without special preparation, and the company separated about ten o'clock, unanimously of the opinion that the Chief was a good Butler, by which was also intended a compliment to Mrs. B, than whom there exists no more generous, whole-souled lady.

Palaces on Wheels.

Several days ago we announced that the Central Transportation Company would have in our city a pair of cars to challenge the admiration of the travelling community and surpass in point of elegance, completeness, comfort and convenience any passenger carriages in use on the railways of this country. Those who were fortunate enough yesterday to happen in at the Union Depot, can bear testimony as to the truth of our announcement, as the cars arrived with Mr. Jonas Woodruff, the "palace car king," and all day attracted throngs of visitors. We feel that any attempt to describe the beauty, elegance, finish and appointments for comfort and convenience of these palaces on wheels, will but give the reader a faint idea of those desired qualities in passenger coaches. The cars are companions, both fitted up exactly alike. They were built at the extensive car works of Jackson & Sharp, Wilmington, Delaware, and fully sustain the high reputation of that firm. Each car is nfty-eight feet long and ten feet wide. Outwardly they are perfect specimens of neatness, and look solid and durable from top to wheels. The car is mounted on two six-wheeled trucks, and supplied with the rapidly growing famous springs manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cast Steel works, of which A. French, Esq., is the Superintendent. The peculiarity of the spring is that the elliptic rests on the bolster and the gum spring on the equalizer, affording the greatest ease imaginable to the passengers, there being no perceptible jolting or rocking. The interior is furnished and finished in a superb style and yet but little has been done for the mere purpose of ornamentation. Every part of the wood work is of imported and domestic black walnut and maple, elaborately finished, and presenting a rich and magnificent appearance. The windows are large and supplied with engraved plate glass. The trimmings, upright columns, chandaliers, and ventilators are all of solid German silver, No. 14, and fully maintain for these additions to the "Silver Palace" cars the pretty appellation. At either end of the car for ladies and ble gentlemen's respectively, are dourotundas, and furnished in splendid style. These are new features and are intended as smoking and drawing rooms in which all passengers have the right to sit and make themselves at home. The rotundas are perfectly round, and are capable of seating from twelve to fifteen persons comfortably. In the centre is a solid silver urn for ice water, and in a niche is the washing basin of marble, set in silver. The rotunda is supplied with ice and coal boxes, linen closets, baggage receptables, all carefully hidden from the view. The car is supplied with patent stoves set in the side of it, taking up no room whatever, and carefully guarded by double plates of iron. The upholstering work is of the finest character, rich Brussels carpets covering the floor, and elegant curtains hiding the berths. The seats are covered with costly French Moquet and present an appearance at once neat and pretty. Each car has twenty-four double beds, large and roomy, which are supplied with virgin white Marseilles spreads, Stewart striped blankets and carefully made sponge mattresses. No private residence or hotel in the country can boast of more luxurious or better appointed couches for repose than these. Altogether we believe that Mr. Pullman, the western genius of sleeping cars, will have to admit that his best exertions thus far have failed to produce any thing that will compare with Mr. Woodruff's latest triumphs.

The Central Transportation Company, of which Mr. James Stevenson is the courteous and obliging agent of this city, having his office at the Union Depot, propose to at once put these new cars on their through line, without change, from New York to Chicago. They have contracted for many more such additions to their already large stock which will soon be put on the rails, as the traveling public find daily more favor with the sleeping car blessing. The Coinpany now run through cars from Chicago to New York, morning and evening, and we are glad to know that their uniting efforts to contribute to the enjoyment and comfort of passengers is daily appreciated, and that their cars are patronized to their fullest capacity.

Surgeons of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway.

The following appointments of Surgeons for the Eastern Division of that railway have been made, as we learn from a circular issued by the Superintendent, J. D. Layng, Esq.:

Between Pittsburgh and the State line, Dr. F. Irish, office at Pittsburgh; between Pittsburgh and the State line, Dr. David Stanton, office at New Brighton; between the State line and the one hundred mile post, Dr. K. G. Thomas, office at Alliance; between the one hundred mile post and Orrville, Dr. A. Metz, office at Massillon; between Orrville and Loudonville, Dr. L. Firestone, office at Wooster; between Londonville and Crestline, Dr. J. N. Mowry, office at Mansfield; at Crestline, Dr. A. E. Jenner, office at Crestline.

Agents are hereby specially instructed that none but the above named Surgeons shall be called to attend to cases of injury to employes or passengers, except in cases of sudden emergency, when they may be called to act until the arrival of the regular Surgeon, who must, in all cases, be notified immediately be telegraph. The Company will not be responsible for the fees of any Surgeon, unless specially employed by an authorized agents, all of which is approved by the General Superintendent.

Fatal Accident.

About five o'clock on Saturday morning, the watchman employed at Phillips & Best's glass works, observed a man walking on the trestle work of the Fort Pitt Coal Company, near the freight depot of the Connellsville Railroad, and in a moment afterwards heard a heavy fall in that direction. He immediately repaired to the place and there found a man lying on the coal platform beneath the trestle work over which the railroad track runs, in a pool of blood. The officer ran for assistance but before he returned life was extinct. The body was removed to the Captain's office at the watch house, where an inquest was held by Coroner Clawson. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental death. The body was identified as that of James Synar, a glass cutter, fifty-five years of age. He resided on Mary street, near Joseph, Birmingham, where the body was removed for interment. He leaves a family.

92 by 300 feet on Fremont Street, Allegheny.—We again ask attention to the sale to-day at 2 o'clock of the residence and large lot of Mr. Hopkins, fronting on Fremont street and Irwin avenue, a short distance above Jackson street. As a whole, it can be so improved as to make a magnificent residence, or can be divided to make eight very fine building sites. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

For Sale.—A first-class Drug Store in Allegheny City. Good location and doing a good business. Address TOBY, GAZETTE office,

CITY COUNCILS.

Special Meeting—Finances of the City—Public Park—Water Commissioners—Paid Fire Department—Petitions, Ordinances, Resolutions, &c., &c.

A special meeting of City Councils was held Saturday, February 13th, 1869, at two o'clock, P. M.

Select Council.

Members Present—Messrs. Ahl, Brown, Burgwin, Coffin, Craig, Edwards, Gallaher, Hailman, Hartman, Holmes, Herron, Jones, Kane, Kirk, Laufman, Littell, Lloyd, Marshall, Morrow, Murray, Murdock, McMahon, Phillips, Quinn, Rafferty, Rush, Scully, Shipton, Schmidt, Torrens, Z. Wainright, S. J. Wainright, Wilson, White, Zern, and President McAuley.

The minutes of the two preceding meetings were read and approved.

The President announced that he had received from the Mayor the election returns of a special election held in the Sixteenth ward, for a member of Select Council *vice* Mr. Hoveler, deceased, and the certificate of election of Robert Watson.

Mr. Watson being present was sworn in by the President.

The President then stated that he had called the meeting at the instance of the Finance Committee, which he was informed had business of importance to present to Councils.

CITY FINANCES.

Mr. Phillips, Chairman of the Finance Committee, submitted the following statement, explanatory of the condition of the finances of the city:

Mr. President: As Chairman of the Finance Committee, I desire to make a statement of the amount of money in the Treasury, together with the probable amount of revenue to be paid in up to June next, and the sums which will likely have to be disbursed during said term

This statement is made for the information of persons who imagine there is too much money in the public Treasury, as well as for the satisfaction of the tax payers, desiring to understand the financial affairs of the city. The first thing to be noticed is the fact that out of the $279,020 16 in the Treasury on the first inst., there is to be deducted the sum of $94,654 76, set apart for interest and costs of bonds compromised and to be compromised, and this amount by act of assembly can be used for no other purpose. Your attention is next directed to the additional fact that the revenue paid in from February to June is very light and totally inadequate to meet the absolute wants of the city, and will not exceed $60,000 between said times, while the payments will be $236,235 56 for the same period.

RECAPITULATION.

Amount in Treasury Feb. 1, 1869	$279,020 16
Estimated Receipts from Feb. 1, 1869, to June 1, 1869, being $3,274 41, in excess of actual receipts for the same time last year	60,000
Total	$339,020 16
Balance in the interest funds to be used for interest and coupons by Railroad Bonds only	$ 94,664 76
Leaving an actual working fund of	244,305 40
Estimated expenditures for the four months intervening between February 1, 1869, and June 1, 1869	236,235 56
Balance in Treasury June 1, 1869	$ 8,129 84

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that the treasury is as likely to be empty as to have a surplus. I feel confident that it will be satisfactory to any reasonable tax payer who has public spirit enough to wish to preserve the credit of the city unimpaired.

WM. PHILLIPS.
Chairman of Finance Committee.

On motion of Mr. Shipton, the paper was received and filed.

Mr. McClelland, member from the Twelfth ward, being present was sworn into office by the President.

CITY PARK.

Mr. Phillips, from the Finance Committee, presented a draft of a proposed act of Assembly relative to the retirement of matured and maturing obligations of the city, and the purchase and improvement of grounds for a public park.

The first, second and third sections provide that the City Councils shall have power to issue bonds in the name of the city to an amount not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, bearing interest at 7 per cent. per annum, to be used in the redemption and retirement of outstanding bonds, and for no other purpose; provided further that no bonds shall be disposed of at less than their par value.

The law authorizes the issue, by the city of Pittsburgh, of one million of dollars of six per cent. bonds, "to be used for the purpose of purchasing and improving grounds for a public park."

The bonds are to be issued and sold as Councils may direct, and the proceeds devoted to the payment of the purchase money of grounds bought for the purpose of a public park; but no bonds are to be sold for less than par.

The Councils are empowered to purchase not exceeding one thousand acres of ground to be used for a park, and enact rules for the regulation, improvement and management of the same; provided that no bonds shall be issued, or contract made, for the purchase of grounds until the question shall have been submited to the people of the city of Pittsburgh at a special election to be held at such a time as Councils may direct. If a majority of the electors vote "For Park," Councils shall exercise the powers conferred by the act. If a majority vote "Against Park," no further action will be taken.

When grounds shall have been purchased for a Park, and the city desires to purchase other grounds contiguous thereto, but is unable to agree with the owners thereof, the District Court is empowered to appoint three disinterested free-holders of the county (but not of the city) as viewers, who shall appraise the grounds proposed to be taken, and report the same to the Court. If exceptions are taken to the appraisement the same may be tried before the Court, and a jury, and when final judgment shall be given in any case, and the appraised value of the grounds tendered to the owner or paid into Court, the grounds so appraised shall become vested in the city.

When grounds shall have been purchased, the city is empowered to sell any part thereof, which may not be required for park purposes, and the money received therefor shall be appropriated to the redemption of the bonds or for the improvement or maintenance of the Park.

The concluding section exempts the bonds from State, county or local taxation.

Mr. Coffin moved that all portions of the proposed act referring to a public park be stricken out.

Mr. Phillips, in explanation, stated that the act did not contemplate the issuing of bonds, but merely leaving the matter to the discretion of City Councils.

Mr. McMahon thought a public park a very expensive luxury, and thought the money could be more judiciously expended in the construction of new Water Works.

Mr. Zern also opposed the adoption of the proposed act. He thought the matter of a public park had been discussed in Council in the previous Council, and it was then decided to leave it to a vote of the people.

Mr. Brown said it was evident that the matter was not thoroughly understood; the Councils now only desired legislation granting authority to issue bonds if they so desired.

Mr. Coffin called for the yeas and nays on the motion, which resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ahl, Coffin, Gallaher, Hartman, Holmes, Kane, Lloyd, Morrow, McClelland, McMahon, Quinn, Rush, Wainwright, Z., Wainwright, S. J., White, Zern, McAuley—17.

Nays—Messrs. Brown, Burgwin, Craig, Edwards, Gross, Hailman, Herron, Jones, Kirk, Laufman, Littell, Marshall, Murdock, Murray, Phillips, Rafferty, Scully, Shipton, Schmidt, Torrens, Watson, Wilson—22.

So the motion to strike out was lost.

Mr. Brown then moved the approval of the act.

Mr. Gallaher moved as an amendment an additional section to the proposed act: That before Councils should issue said bonds that the same should be so authorized by a vote of the citizens, at a special election to be appointed by Councils for that purpose.

Mr. Zern called for the yeas and nays on the amendment. The vote resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ahl, Coffin, Gallaher, Hartman, Kane, Lloyd, Morrow, McClelland, McMahon, Quinn, Rafferty, Rush, Shipton, Schmidt, Wainwright, Z., Wainwright, S. J., Watson, White, Zern, McAuley.—20.

Nays—Messrs. Brown, Burgwin, Craig, Edwards, Gross, Hailman, Holmes, Herron, Jones, Kirk, Laufman, Littell, Marshall, Murray, Murdock, Phillips, Scully, Torrens, Wilson.—19.

So the amendment was approved.

Mr. Quinn moved to adjourn, but the motion was lost.

Mr. Brown moved the approval of the act as amended.

Mr. Hartman moved that the matter be postponed until next meeting.

Mr. Morrow having previously called for the yeas and nays, the Chair decided the motion to postpone out of order.

The yeas and nays were then called on the approval of the act with the following:

Yeas—Ahl, Brown, Burgwin, Craig, Edwards, Gallaher, Gross, Hailman, Holmes, Herron, Jones, Kane, Laufman, Lloyd, Marshall, Murray, McMahan Phillips, Murdock, Rafferty, Rush, Scully, Shipton, Schmidt, Torrens, Wainwright, S. J., Wilson, Watson, Zern—29.

Nays—Coffin, Hartman, Kirk, Littell, Morrow, Murdock, Quinn, Wainwright, Z., White, McAuley.—10.

So the act was approved.

Mr. Kirk asked leave to explain his reason for voting no. He was in favor of the Park, but did not think it a matter to be left to the people.

Mr. Little offered the same explanation of his vote.

Mr. Hailman presented a remonstrance against any change in the original route of Ridge street. Referred to the Committee on Surveys.

PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Phillips, from the Commission to which was referred the matter of the better regulation of the fire department, submitted the following draft of an act establishing a paid fire department.

An act to create a Paid Fire Department in and for the City of Pittsburgh:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted*, &c., That the city of Pittsburgh shall constitute a District, to be known as the Pittsburgh Fire District, of the State of Pennsylvania.

SEC. 2. The Councils of the City of Pittsburgh shall appoint seven citizens, residents of said city, to be "Pittsburgh Fire Commissioners" (which office is hereby created with the duties and powers herein contained and imposed) who shall form a Pittsburgh Fire Department, to take and have, as provided by this act, control and management of all officers, men, property, measure and action for the prevention and extinguishment of fires within the said District, to be organized as herein provided, and to be known as the Pittsburgh Fire Department. Said Commissioners shall hold the said office respectively for the terms following, to wit: One for one year; one for two years; one for three years; one for four years; one for five years; one for six years, and one for seven years, and at the expiration of each term respectively, a successor shall be nominated by the Pittsburgh Fire Commissioners, and appointed by and with the consent of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, who shall hold said office for the term of seven years; vacancies in said office shall be filled by the remaining members of said department nominating, and Councils confirming, as above. Said commissioners shall be subject to removal by the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, as is provided by the laws applicable to the removal of other city officers, which are hereby extended so as to relate to said Department, but no removals shall be made until the Commissioner contemplated to be removed shall have been served with specific written charges, stating the derelictions complained of, and have been afforded an adequate opportunity to publicly answer the same and make his defense thereto. Said Commissioners shall not receive pay and shall have power to buy and sell real estate for the purposes of this act.

SEC. 3. Said Commissioners being qualified, shall meet and organize the "Pittsburgh Fire Department" by selecting one of said Commissioners to be President and appointing a person to be Secretary, whereupon they shall possess and have all the power and authority conferred upon or possessed by any and all officers of the Fire Department of the city of Pittsburgh, and to the exclusion of all such officers and such other powers and duties in said city as are hereinafter conferred. Four of said Commissioners shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SEC. 4. The said "Pittsburgh Fire Department" is hereby empowered and directed to possess and exercise fully and exclusively all the powers and perform all the duties for the government, management, maintenance and direction of the Fire Department of the city of Pittsburgh, and the premises and property thereof, which, at the time of the organization of said Department, were possessed by the volunteer Department, or under the control of the boards and officers of the Fire Department of said city, or officers or employes of said city; said powers and duties to be exercised and performed and said property used in the said city or otherwise as hereinafter provided. And the said Department shall hereafter have sole and exclusive power and authority to extinguish fires in said city of Pittsburgh, and all acts conferring upon any other officer and officers any power in relation to the extinguishment of fires in said city, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. The Board of Commissioners shall have full power to provide in and for the city of Pittsburgh supplies, horses, tools, implements and apparatus of any and all kinds (to be used in extinguishing of fires) and to provide suitable locations for the same, and to buy, sell, construct, repair and have the care of the same and take any and all such action in the premises as may be reasonably necessary and proper.

SEC. 6. The Department hereby created is hereby empowered and directed to possess and exercise full and exclusive power and discretion for the government, management, maintenance and direction

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

100 by 140 feet on Lincoln Avenue.—We direct attention to the advertisement in "auction column" of a property on this fine avenue, to be sold on Friday next. This magnificent lot should command the attention of all in quest of a first class location for a fine residence. For full particulars call on the auctioneer, Mr. A. Leggate, Federal street, Allegheny.

American Silk, new make, equal to any imported, and much cheaper.
BATES & BELL.

Colored Alpacas at 50c., cheap at 75c.
BATES & BELL.

$15,000, $15,000.—Immense success of the great closing out sale at Dennison & Heckert's old stand, 27 Fifth avenue. Since Macrum & Carlisle opened up this stock to the public, there has been a perfect rush for the extraordinary bargains.

Marseilles Quilts, very cheap.
BATES & BELL.

Piano Covers, embroidered and plain.
BATES & BELL.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

Linen Sheetings, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4.
BATES & BELL.

Nottingham Lace for curtains, a new assortment. BATES & BELL.

For Rent—House.—A fine large brick double house, with all the modern improvements, surrounded with grapes, fruit trees and shrubbery. Rent not so much of an object as a good tenant. For terms, &c., call at GAZETTE Counting Room.

A good Hoop Skirt for 50c.
BATES & BELL.

Alexandre Poplins at 50c, worth 87c.
BATES & BELL.

Property on South Canal Street, Allegheny, at Auction.—That good business property, 116 and 117 South Canal street, is to be sold on Thursday next at two o'clock. This is a rare chance for investment. See advertisement and visit the premises. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Blankets closing out cheap.
BATES & BELL.

Ladies Underwear, to which we invite the special attention of the ladies.
BATES & BELL.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Shirt Fronts, plain and embroidered.
BATES & BELL.

Vestibule Lace. BATES & BELL.

Cree Brothers, 26 Fifth Avenue.—This firm, having made arrangements to retire from business, will offer all their stock without reserve for cash regardless of cost. A rare chance for bargains.

Shawls, winter stock closing out cheap.
BATES & BELL.

Silks for evening dresses.
BATES & BELL.

Remnants of Cloaking Cloths cheap.
BATES & BELL.

French Corsets at $1.00.
BATES & BELL.

Honey Comb Quilts. BATES & BELL.

DIED:

GRAHAM—At the late residence of his son, near Sproulsville, Miss uri, on Thursday, 11th inst., JOHN GRAHAM, Esq., in the 76th year of his age.

The friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 111 Liberty street, on TUESDAY, at 1:30 P. M.

LITTLE—On Sunday, 14th inst., at his residence, No. 44 Crawford street, Lieut. JOHN LITTLE, of the 46th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, aged 37 years.

Funeral from his late residence, TUESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are cordially invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages Furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Swift, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & FEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $6 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBT. T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals at $3

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Cor. of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of

Fall and Winter Goods

ever brought to this city. His stock embraces all the latest French and English manufactures of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND OVERCOATINGS.

Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

FOR A STYLISH OVERCOAT,
FOR A STYLISH DRESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH BUSINESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
FOR A STYLISH VEST OF ALL KINDS,

For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,

W. HESPENHEID.

NO. 50 ST. CLAIR STREET, now Sixth. no15

THOS. F. DALE, M. D.....R. S. SUTTON, M. D.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves together for the

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Office, No. 19 STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. THOS. F. DALE, M. D.
no13-a13 R. S. SUTTON, M. D.